

The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XX.

MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 6, 1908.

NO. 8

LOCAL NEWS.

Court next week.

For fine box stationery, go to the ITEM office.

This locality was visited by snow flurries on Friday, May 1st.

Fertilizer for corn, oats and potatoes for sale by Huston at Saltillo, Pa.

For Rent — Front flat in Wright building, containing 4 rooms and bath. C. C. Wright, proprietor.

Chas. H. Hooper has accepted the position of clerk in I. W. Fleck's general store made vacant by the death of G. D. Wood.

The annual Sunday school convention of District No. 3, of Huntingdon county, is being held to-day in the M. E. church at Manor Hill.

The W. M. A. of the U. B. church will meet at the home of Mrs. Minnie Monihen, Grant street, Monday evening, May 11th, at 7 o'clock.

An electric plant has been installed in county home at Shireysburg and the new manner of lighting the institution will supplant the kerosene lamps which have been used heretofore.

Contractor L. A. Green, of Huntingdon, has completed the stone work for the new county bridge at Mount Union and the structural iron is now being placed. The masonry cost about \$10,000.

On April 27th Samuel Smith sold his farm in Trough Creek valley to Levi Knopps, of Calvin, for \$3200. The farm is located in the upper end of the valley and is known as the Moses Swope farm. Mr. Smith has moved to his father's farm in Big valley.

The Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad company, following the example of the larger railroad and manufacturing concerns, posted notices this week to the effect that any employee becoming intoxicated or caught drinking intoxicating liquors will be immediately discharged from service.

As a result of numerous complaints of postal and post cards being detected by postmarking, the postmaster general has ordered discontinuance of the postmarking of cards at the office of address. The postcard fad has reached enormous proportions and the new ruling is expected by postal officials to be received with delight by the thousands of collectors.

Wilbur Mensinger Long died at the home of his brother Dyson in Altoona at 2:40 o'clock Saturday morning of consumption. Deceased was aged 48 years and is survived by his wife and one son, Charles, also by one sister, one brother and his aged mother, Mrs. Prudence Long, of Altoona. On Tuesday the remains were taken to Mount Union where they were interred at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

A walk into the section known as Mud-town would convince any one not disposed to be pessimistic in the extreme that the residents of this part of our village spare no efforts to make their homes attractive. The free use of white wash, nicely planned gardens and other evidence of thriftiness speak louder than words and make a very creditable showing worthy of emulation in other sections of town.

The family of M. P. Hanson, who have been visiting friends in this county for a couple months past, left Mapleton Thursday evening on their journey to their California home at Shandon, San Louis Obispo county. Mr. Hanson left the next morning for New York to set sail for his native land, Denmark. After a visit of a couple months with his parents he will return to his family in the land of flowers on the Pacific coast.

Last Saturday a party of Huntingdon young ladies consisting of Miss Laura Black, Harriet Wilson, Ruth Cleaver, Ethel Smith, Alice Weber, Dora Adams, Ada Beaver, Maud Foster, Helen Dickson and Ruth Ewing came to Mapleton for a day's outing. They went to the Jackstown water station where an hour was spent during which Mr. J. K. Gillam explained the plant and the method of watering trains. Three of the young ladies descended into the pit. The party then crossed the mountains into the rye-field hollow where they partook of their lunch after which they returned to Mapleton by way of Scrub Gap. The weather about noon-time was somewhat disagreeable but the young ladies appeared to get considerable pleasure out of the trip. They returned home on Altoona accommodation, after having rested a couple hours at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Swope. They were accompanied on their trip by Reed Wood, I. N. Swope and Gayton Swope.

John Crone.

John Crone, one of Mapleton's aged and respected citizens, died at his home on Church street at 10:40 o'clock Saturday night, April 2, 1908, of dropsy, after an illness covering a period of many months. For the past four months he had been confined to his bed and during all his sickness he was kindly cared for by his wife and daughters, who were eager to minister to his every need.

Deceased was a son of George and Barbara Crone and was born in Horse valley, Franklin county, November 18, 1836, being at the time of his death aged 71 years, 4 months and 14 days. In July, 1866, he was married to Mrs. Katherine E. Horton, of Shirley township, and to them were born four children—two sons and two daughters—three of whom survive. They are Mrs. N. D. Borling and Mrs. Frances Gable, of Mapleton, and Wesley, of Mount Union. He is also survived by his wife and one step-son, Isaac Horton, of Harrisburg, and two brothers and one sister, as follows: Isaac Crone, of Shireysburg; David Crone and Miss Elizabeth Crone, of Aughwick Mills.

Mr. Crone moved his family from Chestnut Grove to Lockport, near Mapleton, in 1882 and after a residence of five years there, moved to Mapleton where they have since resided. For forty years the deceased had been a member of the United Brethren church and was an exemplary Christian man. In his home life he was kind and affectionate and his death will be mourned by his family and friends.

All near relatives of the deceased were in attendance at the funeral which was held yesterday afternoon, the services being conducted in the U. B. church by his pastor Rev. T. H. McLeod. Interment in Mountain View cemetery. The ITEM extends sympathy to the bereaved friends.

William Sollers.

William Sollers, a resident of Saltillo, and a blacksmith, was stricken with apoplexy while in his shop on Thursday, April 23, 1908, and died in less than an hour. He was aged 47 years, 10 months and 22 days. There survive him his wife and the following children: Mrs. Naomi Kensingler, Nanine, Ruth and Guy, of Saltillo. The following brothers and sisters also survive: Mrs. Lizzie Cree, of Shade Gap; Mrs. Mary Hess, of Belwood; Mrs. Ellen Brodbeck, of Clay township; Mrs. Effie Brown, of Grafton; Newton and Sherman, of Saltillo. The funeral was conducted by Rev. Samuel McClain, of Cassville, assisted by Rev. Fleegal, of Three Springs, and Rev. D. J. R. Strayer, of Saltillo.

William P. Johns.

William P. Johns, eldest son of David Johns, of Orbisonia, died April 18, 1908, at his home at Goldfield, Nevada. He was born October 24, 1861, being in his 47 year at the time of his death. He is survived by his father, one brother, H. J. Johns, of Goldfield, and two sisters, Mrs. Daniel Myers, of Shireysburg, and Mrs. Robinson, of Chicago. Deceased left this locality 28 years ago for the west, and has traveled over almost every part of the western country, and spent a number of years in Alaska.

At a meeting of the school board of Mapleton borough held last Saturday, William H. Dell was appointed a member of the board, vice G. D. Wood, deceased.

Among the repairs being made to properties in different parts of town, we note new tin roofs being placed on the dwellings of D. B. Miller, Mrs. L. A. Dell and the tenant house of Miles Quarry. The Railroad company's house occupied by Agent J. G. Hicks is receiving some very necessary repairs in the way of rebuilding fence, repairing roof, porches, etc.

Major Samuel W. Miller, inspector general of the Philippines, with his wife is visiting friends in Huntingdon. Major Miller recently arrived in the United States from the Philippines whence he set sail on March 17th.

On April 19th, George Brumbaugh and William Stubbs, both Mapleton boys who are now residing at New Castle, Pa., recovered the body of Miss Elsie Stang who committed suicide by drowning herself in the Mahoning river at New Castle four days before. The young lady was aged 20 years and her family are neighbors of Calvin Stubbs' family, the latter well known to most of our readers. The cause of the rash is attributed to a temporary mental derangement.

PERSONAL NOTES.

—Miss Myrtle Wright, of Juniata, visited her parents Sunday.

—Miss Florence Oswalt called on friends at Mill Creek, Sunday.

—Mrs. Jennie Patterson visited friends in Mount Union Monday last.

—Mrs. Lizzie Wakefield visited friends at Warrior Ridge a couple days last week.

—Warren Harry, of Hollidaysburg, called on friends in town Monday afternoon.

—Our friend John M. Drake, Esq., of Saltillo, was among the ITEM's callers last week.

—Mrs. J. W. Swenson, of Huntingdon, spent part of last Friday with Mrs. J. G. Hicks.

—T. C. Gardner, of the P. R. R. station force, spent Sunday with his mother in Harrisburg.

—John Robley, of Mount Union called on his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Robley Sunday.

—Miss Cora Wertz, of Newton Hamilton, visited her father, Mr. Howard Wertz, Sunday.

—Prof. J. G. Dell, of Huntingdon, was in town a short time Saturday being enroute to Cassville.

—John Robert Henderson, of Pittsburg, called on his old friends in town Saturday last enroute to Saltillo.

—Mrs. Harriet Potts and daughter Jennie, visited friends at Shireysburg, the latter part of last week.

—T. Wilda Black, of Huntingdon, was guest of Mrs. G. W. Yocum last Thursday at the Clairndon.

—Miss Maud Anderson, of Belwood, was a guest of her friend, Miss Florence Oswalt Saturday and Sunday.

—Mrs. E. B. England, of Altoona, spent Sunday afternoon with her sister, Mrs. W. H. Dell, on Main street.

—Mrs. Ross Beale, of Altoona, spent the early part of the week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Brumbaugh, in this place.

—George Posten, who is making his home with his niece, Mrs. Joseph M. Baker, spent Saturday with friends in Lewistown.

—Mrs. W. T. Decker, of Newton Hamilton, spent Sunday in Mapleton visiting the families of her brothers, M. L. and S. B. Neice.

—Mrs. Susan Oswalt is spending a couple weeks with her sons, Clyde and Buell at Boswell, where the young men have a printing establishment.

—Isaac Horton, of Harrisburg, arrived here Sunday, being called home on account of the death of Mr. John Crone, husband of his mother.

—Mrs. Jane McConahy, and daughter, Mrs. Juniata Foster, spent Monday with the daughter of Mrs. McConahy, Mrs. Mary Brown, at Mt. Union.

—E. C. Robley and wife, of Huntingdon, and Elliott Robley and wife, of Altoona, were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thoms Grady.

—J. M. Wakefield, wife and son John, of McConelstown, spent several days of the past week with the families of W. F. Wakefield and C. L. Lynn in Hare's valley.

—Mrs. Sarah Ripple and daughter, Miss Edith, and Miss Lena Norris, of Mount Union, were guests at the home of Mrs. Clara Barclay on Railroad street Sunday.

—Miss Ada Spangler, of Saltillo, who has been at the home of her sister, Mrs. G. D. Wood, since the death of the latter lady's husband, left for her home Monday.

—Mrs. E. J. Beams and child, of Hartford, Conn., who have been spending several weeks with friends in this section, left yesterday for their home in the Nutmeg state.

—V. S. Godard, of Altoona, spent a short time with Mapleton friends last Saturday afternoon. Valentine is a Mapleton boy who is a trusted conductor on the middle division.

—Prof. R. F. Beaty, of Petersburg, was circulating among his Mapleton friends Sunday. He is conducting a summer school and has a large enrollment. Prof. Beaty is a successful teacher.

—Samuel C. Harvey, of Lewistown, was the guest of W. T. Webb and family over Sunday. Mr. Harvey had been a resident of Mapleton for many years prior to his locating in Lewistown about one year ago.

—Albert H. Stever and wife, of Huntingdon, spent Sunday calling on their numerous Mapleton friends. Their son Richard has gone to Hares valley to spend the summer with the family of Frank Stever.

North American's Baseball Edition a Treat For Fans.

Exceptional as were the special baseball editions that marked the opening of the baseball seasons of 1906 and 1907, the twelve-page supplement in colors, which will be a feature of The North American on Sunday, May 19 will eclipse them both.

Never before has there been such baseball activity as this year. In addition to the organizations of last year, the American, National Atlantic, Tristate and Intercounty leagues, a host of new leagues are in the field, including the Union, Pennsylvania and New Jersey, North Penn, Main Line, Lebanon, Susquehanna, etc.

Followers of any of these clubs will find their interests well cared for in the big special edition. The batting and fielding figures of the American, National and Tristate for 1907 are given in full, a reference to settle future arguments.

The chase for the pennant, that trophy which is the most sought of all rewards for athletic effort, forms the subject of a first-page story and a striking illustration in color.

George M. Graham, The North American's sporting editor, has an article on the managers of the Tristate teams.

School news, a specialty of The North American, is taken care of with a full page. Colleges, especially those of Pennsylvania, are correspondingly taken care of.

THE BACK PAGE, IN COLORS, IS GIVEN UP TO TWO STRIKING GROUPS, PROFILE STUDIES OF EVERY MEMBER OF THE PHILLIES AND ATHLETICS, SOMETHING THAT EVERY FAN WILL WANT TO KEEP.

Throughout Pennsylvania there are hundreds of independent clubs, who draw big crowds and have the backing of the entire town. These are all cared for in this supplement.

Altogether, the names of 10,000 players figure in this edition.

Thousands were unable to get copies of previous base all edition. Order from your newsdealer now.

—Miss Mary Gray, of Ickesburg, returned home to-day after a pleasant visit with the family of W. H. Spangler.

—Mrs. Fieta Clemens, of Hollidaysburg, visited her daughter, Mrs. L. P. Baker, in this place for a couple days last week.

—Mrs. Regina Skipper and son Albertus, of Juniata, visited last week with her mother, Mrs. Brene, and sisters, Mrs. G. W. Buchanan, and Mrs. W. F. Wakefield, in Mapleton.

—Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Fleck and G. W. Yocum and wife made a trip by walkers ponies line to Mount Union Sunday afternoon and enjoyed the beauties of nature in Jack's narrows, however, the P. R. R. was alright for the return trip.

—Mrs. Rev. M. L. Smith, of Huntingdon, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John M. Miller, on Sunday, having come down to pay her respects to her long-time friend, Miss Annie Wood, of Lancaster, who is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Miller.

—W. M. Henderson, Esq., of Huntingdon, was in town Saturday evening transacting business in connection with the G. D. Wood estate. An appraisement was held, Samuel Hatfield and I. W. Fleck acting in the capacity of appraisers.

—Isaac Miller and two sons, of Juniata, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Miller, in Union township over Sunday. Mr. Henry Miller has been confined to his home for several weeks with a diseased feet which has caused him intense suffering.

—W. A. Parker and Arthur F. Parker, of Juniata, and Mrs. John G. Gillam, of Huntingdon, were Sunday guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Parker. We regret to note that Mrs. Parker's health is such as to give her many friends much concern.

—Mr. and Mrs. George W. Yocum, who have spent the winter months at the Clairndon, returned to their home at Huntingdon Monday last. Their many Mapleton friends will miss their genial company and will look forward to their return next fall.

—Frank Dell, son of James C. Dell, of Union township, on Saturday departed for McAlvey's Fort to attend the summer normal school which opened there Monday under the principalship of Prof. M. B. Wright. Frank is a diligent student and we wish him abundant success.

—Forest Julius and wife, of Harrisburg, were guests of R. S. Henderson's family over Sunday, being on their way home from Altoona whither they had been summoned on account of an accident that befel a brother of Mrs. Julius, which necessitated the amputation of one of his limbs. Mr. Julius' boyhood days were spent in Mapleton. He is at present car inspector at Harrisburg.

Prof. J. G. Dell Re-elected County Superintendent.

Pursuant to the Act of Assembly the school directors of Huntingdon county met at the Court house at one o'clock yesterday afternoon for the purpose of electing a county superintendent.

The convention was called to order by the county superintendent, Prof. J. G. Dell, after which George W. Hetrick, of Henderson township, was chosen chairman by acclamation.

The following persons were named for secretaries, all of whom on motion of L. S. Geissinger, Esq., of Juniata township, were elected: A. E. Backert, of Wood; J. G. Hicks, of Mapleton; E. J. Green, of Porter; R. P. Smith, of Cass; Grant Piper, of Petersburg; J. B. Cuthall, of Smithfield.

R. P. Smith, of Cass, was appointed reading clerk.

The calling of the roll disclosed the fact that two hundred and sixty-three of the two hundred and seventy-six directors of the county were present.

It was on motion decided that no speeches be made in placing the names of candidates for county superintendent before the convention.

Nominations being in order J. G. Hicks, of Mapleton, nominated Prof. J. G. Dell; Sigel Ashman, of Clay, nominated Prof. E. E. Kell.

Prof. Kell asked permission to say a few words which was granted, when he stated that the calling of the roll revealed to him the fact that he did not have enough votes in the convention to elect him and thanked those who had come there to vote for him. He then withdrew as a candidate and pledged himself to give his best efforts for the support and advancement of the schools.

Dr. Z. B. Taylor arose and addressed the convention against a third-term but stated that as there was but one candidate he moved to make the election of Prof. J. G. Dell unanimous. On the ground that such method of procedure was contrary to law the chair over-ruled the motion. Dr. Taylor then moved that the secretary cast the vote of the convention for Prof. Dell. This was also over-ruled and Dr. Taylor and his followers withdrew from the convention. The roll was then called and two hundred and eighteen votes were cast for Prof. J. G. Dell and he was declared elected.

J. G. Hicks, of Mapleton, moved the salary of the county superintendent be increased to \$1800. R. P. Smith, of Cass, called the attention of the convention to the fact that whatever amount was added to the salary over and above the minimum allowed by the law would come out of the county's share of the state appropriation. The motion of Mr. Hicks provoked considerable discussion and some confusion and before a vote could be taken a number of directors left to get away on the early afternoon trains. The vote resulted 93 yeas and 108 nays, and the motion was declared lost.

On motion of L. S. Geissinger, Esq., the salary was then fixed at \$1564, the same as it has been during the past term, that being the minimum allowed by law.

The convention which was composed of representative men who appeared to have the best interests of the schools at heart then adjourned.

Insist upon DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. There are substitutes, but there is only one original. It is healing, soothing and cooling and is especially good for piles. Sold by Geo. W. Wright.

Church Announcements.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. J. H. Ake, pastor.—Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock, led by the pastor.

Services for Sunday, May 10th: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m., Junior League at 3:15 p. m., first quarterly communion service at 7:30 p. m. Adult baptism at this service.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Rev. Edwin A. Snook, pastor.—Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Services for Sabbath, May 10th, as follows:

Sabbath school 9:30 and preaching at 10:30 a. m., Christian Endeavor at 6:15 p. m. A welcome awaits all who will attend the services.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH, Rev. T. H. MacLeod, pastor.—Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Services for next Sunday as follows: Sunday school at 9:30 and preaching at 10:30 a. m., Junior Endeavor at 2:00, Senior Endeavor at 6:30 and prayer meeting at 7:30 p. m. The public is cordially invited.

THE PRESIDENT, IN MESSAGE, APPEALS TO CONGRESS

Legislation on Lines of Previous Recommendations Urged
---Denounces "Sordid Multimillionaires."

Washington, D. C. — President Roosevelt sent to Congress a message reiterating his recommendations for various kinds of legislation, particularly relating to the limitation of the power of injunction and amendment of the Sherman Anti-Trust law. Incorporated with the message was an appendix giving a report of the chairman of the Finance Commission to the Mayor and City Council of Boston on the evil practices of certain corporations which have business relations with that city.

Mr. Roosevelt reminds Congress of his message of March 25 last, and says there is good ground for hope that various measures then advocated will be enacted, including financial legislation "providing for temporary measures of meeting any trouble that may arise in the next year or two, and for a commission of experts who shall thoroughly investigate the whole matter, both here and in the great commercial countries abroad, so as to be able to recommend legislation which will put our financial system on an efficient and permanent basis."

"It is much to be wished," the President adds, "that one feature of the financial legislation of this session should be the establishment of postal savings banks. Ample appropriation should be made to enable the Interstate Commerce Commission to carry out the very important feature of the Hepburn law which gives to the commission supervision and control over the accounting systems of the railways."

Mr. Roosevelt finds there is doubt about the enactment of measures to do away with the abuse of power of injunction and to strengthen control by the National Government of corporations doing an interstate business.

The President declares that recent decisions of the Supreme Court in the Minnesota and North Carolina cases show the impossibility of dual control of national commerce. The failure of Congress to act has left the regulation of such commerce, he says, to "the occasional and necessarily inadequate and one-sided action of the Federal judiciary." A court, he says, can never act constructively, only negatively or destructively.

"A court can decide what is faulty, but it has no power to make better what it thus finds to be faulty."

In the message the President urges a national incorporation law, or, if that be deemed inexpedient, a commission "in the Executive service" which shall pass upon any combination or agreement in relation to interstate commerce. Portions of the message are devoted to a lecture on the need of honesty in business and money making. Certain brands of the rich are verbally trounced by the President.

In this lecture on business honesty with which the message concludes the President says:

"Among the many kinds of evil, social, industrial and political, which it is our duty as a nation sternly to combat, there is none at the same time more base and more dangerous than the greed which treats the plain and simple rules of honesty with cynical contempt if they interfere with making a profit; and as a nation we cannot be held guiltless if we condone such action. The man who preaches hatred of wealth honestly acquired, who inculcates envy and jealousy and slanderous ill will toward those of his fellows who by thrift, energy and industry have become men of means, is a menace to the community. But his counterpart in evil is to be found in that particular kind of multimillionaire who is almost the least enviable, and is certainly one of the least admirable, of all our citizens; a man of whom it has been well said that his face has grown hard and cruel while his body has grown soft; whose son is a fool and his daughter a foreign princess; whose normal pleasures are at best those of a tasteless and extravagant luxury, and whose real delight, whose real life work is the accumulation and use of power in its most sordid and least elevating form."

"In the chaos of an absolutely unrestricted commercial individualism under modern conditions, this is a type that becomes prominent as inevitably as the marauder baron became prominent in the physical chaos of the Dark Ages."

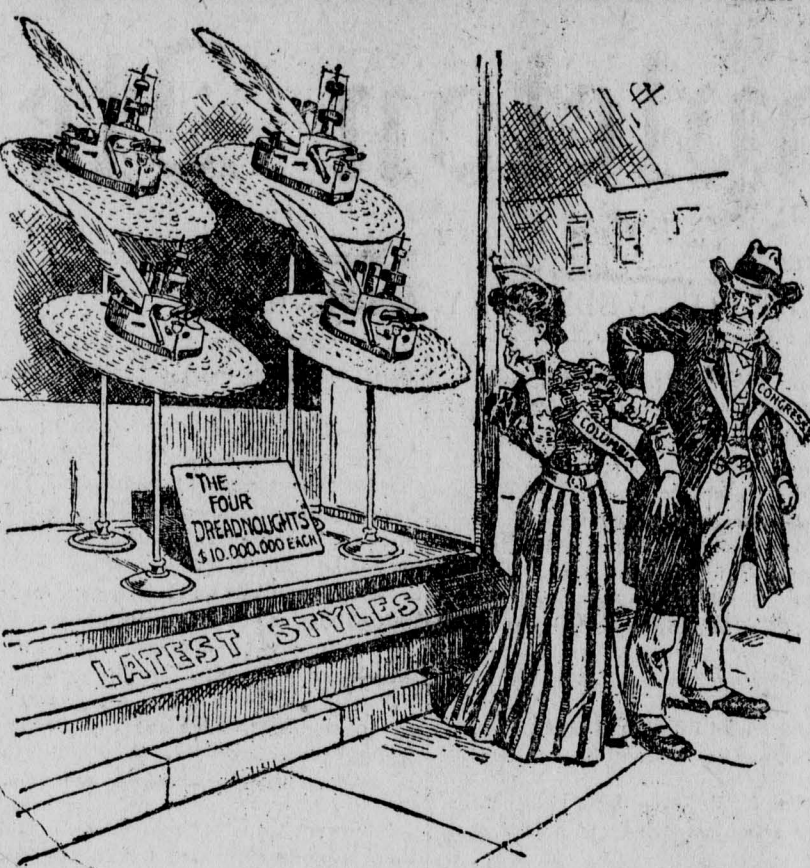
PILGRIMAGE OF UNEMPLOYED.

Foreigners Go From Church to Church Praying in Vain.

St. Louis.—Fifty men knelt before the various churches in Granite City, pleading for work, and when their pilgrimage from church to church ended in failure Christo Antoniss, a Hungarian, shot himself through the abdomen.

Through pouring rain and knee deep in mud the men, nearly all foreigners, bareheaded and many without coats or shoes, straggled from church to church, each unkempt Hungarian, Slav and Magyar begging for bread for his family.

"COME AWAY, THEY'LL BE OUT OF STYLE NEXT YEAR."



—Cartoon by De Mar, in the Philadelphia Record.

SEX IS DECIDED BY THE WEAKER PARENT, A SCIENTIST SAYS

Dr. Romme Supports His Discovery of Nature's Law With Statistics That Seemingly Prove His Theory.

100 BOYS ARE BORN TO EVERY 105 GIRLS

Proportion Found Identical in All Countries Except After a Great War.

London.—Dr. Romme, the eminent physiologist, has compiled statistics which prove, he maintains, that a boy is born when the father is the weaker of the two parents and a girl when the mother is the weaker partner.

Dr. Romme has been investigating the question of sex for many years, and his announcement of the law as he has discovered it and his statistics have caused widespread interest and discussion. He declares it to be a universal law of nature that the child resembles the weaker and not the stronger of its parents.

In all countries the proportion is found to be almost identical, namely, 105 or 106 girls to 100 boys. The only exception is found after a great war. This is because the best and strongest men are sent to the front, while the weakest remain behind. The physiologist declares that nature's purpose is to replace the weaker individual with another of the same sex before he or she disappears.

More Boys When War Rages.

Among barbarous nations, continually at war, there is always a preponderance of boys over girls. When an old man marries a young wife it is a proved fact that more boys than girls are born, the opposite being the case when the wife is much older than the husband.

To every 1000 girls born, Dr.

Romme says, there are 863 boys when the father is younger than mother; 948 boys when both parents are of the same age; 1037 boys when the father is from one to six years older than the mother; 1267 boys when the father is from six to eleven years older than the mother; 1474 boys when the father is from eleven to sixteen years older than the mother, and 1632 boys when the father is more than sixteen years older than the mother.

Worry May Turn the Scale.

Dr. Romme asserts that there are practically no instances where the strength of both parents is equal. Worry, illness, any slight trouble, is sufficient to turn the scale.

Kaiser Wilhelm, he points out, had five sons in succession, while the Czarina had four daughters in succession. Dr. Romme avers that he is unable to find a single instance in which his rule has been transgressed. It is, in fact, a repetition in another form of Professor Schenck's famous sex theory under which he proposed to increase the stamina and the red corpuscles in a parent when the desire was to beget a child of the opposite sex. Thus the Czarina, wanting a male successor to the Russian throne, was subjected to Professor Schenck's nourishing treatment, with an ultimately successful result.

TYPESETTING NEXT BY WIRELESS WAVES

Wireless Photography Demonstrated, Wireless Typesetting Soon to Be—To Operate Linotype Machines in Paris by Wireless Waves From London.

London.—That he has already perfected an invention by which he can set type in an ordinary linotype machine in Paris by wireless waves thrown from London was the surprising statement made at the Hotel Cecil by Hans Knudsen, the Danish inventor, famous for his achievements with liquid air, after giving the first public demonstration of long-distance wireless photography.

"I shall publicly demonstrate my new wireless typesetting invention within a few weeks," said Mr. Knudsen. "I have already had the first machine constructed, and it has proved successful, setting 3000 words an hour, at a distance, just as if the operator were working the machine."

"The time is not far distant when, with my invention, the London correspondents of the New York newspapers will be able to send their news straight to the printing press through the Marconi operator."

In the course of his demonstration of wireless photography Mr. Knudsen sent photographs of the King,

Queen and Kaiser from one room in the hotel through the wall into another, without wires, the pictures proving recognizable.

He had constructed in the first room a transmitter with a needle point passing over a picture prepared on a glass plate from a photograph.

The needle continually vibrated over the plate, according to the roughness or smoothness of the surface. A succession of electric waves was accurately recorded by a plate on the wall. These waves were in turn caught by another receiving plate in the adjoining room after passing through the wall, the picture being accurately recorded by the receiving instrument on a smoked glass plate.

From this plate recognizable photographs were printed on sensitized paper.

"I claim I can send pictures wherever Marconi can send messages," said Mr. Knudsen. "Within a short time I shall be sending pictures of criminals and finger prints from England to New York."

BIG TALKERS ARE DANGEROUS.

Londoner Says Garrulity Causes Insanity and Other Nervous Diseases.

London.—That excessive talking is the cause of many nervous diseases and for the increasing amount of insanity affecting modern society is the interesting theory elaborated before the Psycho-Therapeutic Society by the Rev. B. S. Lombard, a London vicar, who has studied the subject.

"An enormous amount of vital energy is wasted in talking," said the vicar. "An excessive talker is a human machine who saps the vital energy of his hearers. People who

lent by nature are seldom ill. A large percentage of the victims of nervous disease are great talkers, who discuss imaginary ailments until they get them."

Dr. Stenson Hooker supported the vicar in a recommendation that one room be set aside in each of the London hospitals for silent treatment.

Neither of the gallant speakers particularly mentioned the talking proclivities of women in his argument against garrulity.

THE MARKETS



Wholesale Prices Quoted in New York

MILK.
The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3c. per quart.

BUTTER.
Creamery—Western, extra... 26 1/2 @ 27
Firsts... 25 1/2 @ 26
Seconds... 22 @ 24
State dairy, good to choice... 23 @ 25
Factory, seconds to firsts... 18 @ 20

BEANS.
Marrow, choice... 2 1/2 @ 2 1/2
Medium, choice... 2 @ 2
Red kidney, choice... 1 @ 1
Pea... 2 @ 2
Yellow eye... 2 @ 2
White kidney... 2 30 @ 2 35
Black turtle soup... 1 65 @ 1 75
Lima, Cal... 3 25 @ 3 30

CHEESE.
State, full cream... 15 @ 15 1/4
Small... 14 1/2 @ 15
Part skims, fair to good... 4 @ 6
Full skims... 1 @ 1 1/2

EGGS.
Jersey—Fancy... 18 1/2 @ 18 1/2
State—Good to choice... 17 1/2 @ 18
Western—Firsts... 16 @ 16 1/2
Duck eggs... 16 @ 22

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH
Apples—Baldwin, per bbl... 1 75 @ 2 75
Greening, per bbl... 1 50 @ 4 50
Cranberries, C. Cod, per bbl... 10 @ 12 00
Jersey, per crate... 2 75 @ 3 00
Strawberries, per qt... 8 @ 16

DRESSED POULTRY.
Turkeys, per lb... 12 @ 17
Broilers, Phila., per lb... 40 @ 45
Fowls, per lb... 12 @ 14
Cocks, per lb... 1 @ 11
Ducklings, L. I., per lb... 1 @ 18
Ducks, per lb... 8 @ 10
Geese, per lb... 5 @ 8
Squabs, per dozen... 1 25 @ 3 50

HAY AND STRAW
Hay, prime, per 100 lb... 97 1/2 @ 1 00
Nos. 3 to 1, per 100 lb... 75 @ 95
Clover mixed, per 100 lb... 65 @ 85
Straw, long rye... 65 @ 70

HOPS.
State, 1907... 12 @ 13
Medium, 1907... 5 @ 8
Pacific Coast, 1907, choice... 7 @ 8
Choice, 1906... 3 @ 5

VEGETABLES
Potatoes, Me., per sack... 2 50 @ 2 65
State, per sack... 2 30 @ 2 50
Sweets, per basket... 1 00 @ 2 50
Tomatoes, per carrier... 75 @ 1 75
Egg plant, per box... 1 50 @ 2 50
Squash, per box... 1 00 @ 1 75
Peas, per basket... 75 @ 2 75
Beans, per carrier... 1 25 @ 2 50
Onions, per basket... 35 @ 1 25
Cucumbers, per bbl... 50 @ 75
Shallots, per basket... 1 00 @ 2 00
Onion, per crate... 1 75 @ 2 00
Yellow, per bag... 2 50 @ 4 00
Red, per bag... 2 50 @ 3 50
Carrots, per bag... 1 50 @ 4 00
Beets, per 100 lb... 1 00 @ 3 00
Turnips, per bbl... 1 25 @ 3 00
Okra, per carrier... 50 @ 2 50
Cucumbers, per basket... 1 25 @ 1 75
Parsley, per basket... 4 @ 4 6
Leeks, per 100 bunches... 1 @ 1 50
Shallots, per 100 bunches... 1 00 @ 2 00
Celery, per case... 1 00 @ 2 25
Watercress, per 100 bunches... 1 00 @ 1 75
Spinach, per bbl... 75 @ 1 25
Kale, per bbl... 25 @ 50
Oyster plants, 100 bunches... 1 00 @ 4 00
Horseradish, per bbl... 2 50 @ 4 00
Rhubarb, per 100 bunches... 2 00 @ 2 50
Radishes, per basket... 25 @ 50
Asparagus, per doz. bunches... 1 00 @ 3 25

GRAIN, ETC.
Flour—Winter patents... 4 50 @ 4 80
Spring patents... 5 25 @ 6 05
Wheat, No. 2 red... 1 05 1/2 @ 1 05 3/4
No. Northern Duluth... 1 @ 1 14 1/2
Corn, No. 2... 75 @ 76 1/2
No. 2 white... 75 @ 75 1/2
Oats mixed... 54 @ 54 1/2
Rye, No. 2 Western... 90 @ 90 1/2
Lard, city... 8 @ 8

LIVE STOCK.
Beeves, city dressed... 9 1/2 @ 11
Calves, city dressed... 7 @ 10
Country dressed... 6 @ 8
Sheep, per 100 lb... 5 00 @ 5 50
Lambs, per 100 lb... 8 @ 8 00
Hogs, live, per 100 lb... 6 00 @ 6 15
Country dressed, per lb... 6 @ 9

COUNTRY'S CROPS ABUNDANT.

Wall Street Complains of Hard Times—Banks Burdened With Money.

New York City.—Wall Street still complains about hard times, but the country is going ahead with its crops. The farm acreage this year will be greater than in the nation's history. Internal improvements proceed in the West, as well as in the East, as it there never was any Wall Street.

New York's banks are being almost burdened with money coming in from the smaller country financial institutions. Wheat, corn and cotton have been moved, settlements made the ledgers balanced, with the result that money, for a period tied up, is again plentiful. Factories that for while were closed have resumed business. Coal operators expect a heavy season. Railroad building in the Northwest and in the South, impeded for a short while, is about to start forward again.

In this city, as in Chicago, Boston Philadelphia and St. Louis, merchants who were forced to discharge many employees are hiring them back. The smokestacks that have been cold for months are beginning to get warm. Export trade is growing and home demands for staple productions have about resumed normal conditions.

Greater Interest in Prunes.

The reports of heavy damage to the fruit crops in the Middle West by frost have stimulated a good deal of interest in prunes and other fruits.

Overbid For Railway Bonds.

Bids amounting to more than \$1,250,000,000 were made for the \$40,000,000 of four per cent. bonds offered by the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Winter Wheat Progressing.

Winter wheat continues to make fair progress, on the whole, and advices from abroad are nearly as favorable.

The General Demand

of the Well-Informed of the World has always been for a simple, pleasant and efficient liquid laxative remedy of known value; a laxative which physicians could sanction for family use because its component parts are known to them to be wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, acceptable to the system and gentle, yet prompt, in action.

In supplying that demand with its excellent combination of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, the California Fig Syrup Co. proceeds along ethical lines and relies on the merits of the laxative for its remarkable success.

That is one of many reasons why Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is given the preference by the Well-Informed. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

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Warning to America.

The figures recently given by the Central News as to the number of suicides in the United States form a remarkable commentary upon the unnatural "hustling" life which threatens to become characteristic of the trans-Atlantic people. During the last twelve months 10,782 people have taken their lives. It is an appalling figure, exceeding that of the number of convicted criminals over the same area. No sermon could better point the moral that the transgression of the law of nervous life is paid for by the heaviest penalty. On this side of the water men and women are suffering in an increasing degree from "nervous," and this is due largely to the growing pressure of life. The melancholy figures quoted regarding America should serve as a douche to fevered Englishmen whose lives are one continued rush. The preaching of the "simple life," which was so fashionable a few years ago is now no longer heard. It needs reviving, and, above all, practicing.—The Christian, London, England.

Dies on Eve of Fortune.

A legacy of \$50,000 was devised by a London merchant to Mr. George Elmy, a clerk who had been in his employ for forty years. On the eve of fortune the good and faithful servant died suddenly of heart disease.

The Society for the Protection of Children in England against the cruelty of parents and others receives over 40,000 complaints a year.

FRIENDS' HELP

St. Paul Park Incident.

"After drinking coffee for breakfast I always felt languid and dull having no ambition to get to my morning duties. Then in about an hour or so a weak, nervous derangement of the heart and stomach would come over me with such force I would frequently have to lie down."

"At other times I had severe headaches; stomach finally became affected and digestion so impaired that I had serious chronic dyspepsia and constipation. A lady, for many years State President of the W. C. T. U. told me she had been greatly benefited by quitting coffee and using Postum Food Coffee; she was troubled for years with asthma. She said it was no cross to quit coffee when she found she could have as delicious an article as Postum."

"Another lady, who had been troubled with chronic dyspepsia for years, found immediate relief on ceasing coffee and beginning Postum twice a day. She was wholly cured. Still another friend told me that Postum Food Coffee was a godsend to her, her heart trouble having been relieved after leaving off coffee and taking on Postum."

"So many such cases came to my notice that I concluded coffee was the cause of my trouble and I quit and took up Postum. I am more than pleased to say that my days of trouble have disappeared. I am well and happy. 'There's a Reason.' Read 'The Road to Wellville,' in pkgs. Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest."

THE PULPIT.

A BRILLIANT SUNDAY SERMON BY
THE REV. LEWIS T. REED.

Theme: Suggestive Therapeutics.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—In the Flatbush Congregational Church the pastor, the Rev. Lewis T. Reed, preached a sermon on "The Theory and Practice of Suggestive Therapeutics." The text was from Matthew 8:13: "And Jesus said to the centurion, Go thy way; and as thou hast believed, so be it done unto thee. And his servant was healed in the selfsame hour." Mr. Reed said:

In this theme of "The Theory and Practice of Suggestive Therapeutics," it is not my purpose to expound novelties or to satisfy curiosity, but to assist all of you who worship here to lay hold of some of the great principles within this movement by which it will be possible for you to live confidently and joyfully. I should be glad to make all of you practitioners of the art of suggestive therapeutics. There are a few great principles which it is essential you should honor and obey. First—the power of suggestion. We have been wont to be optimistic about everything that takes place in our lives, provided nothing evil appears at once on the surface. We have proceeded on the faith that the psychical system could take up and dispose successfully of every suggestion made to it. Evil thoughts, envy, anger, greed, concupiscence, gluttony—all the vices abhorred by St. Paul might present their vile pictures to the mind, and as long as we did not act on their suggestion, we still preserved our character. We deluded ourselves with a hope that we were what we appeared to be. And now we have had to learn afresh the truth of that Scripture: "As a man thinketh in his heart, so is he." I know of no process in man's life more calculated to give him serious thought than this function of the subconsciousness of storing up the suggestions that the outer life brings. Day by day as we touch the world, and get our own reactions of courage or cowardice, of self-control or self-defeat, of purity or selfishness, of love or hate, we are continually dropping, dropping these suggestions into the reservoir of this subconscious self, to come forth some day to bless or curse. Abraham Lincoln lives day by day the sacrificial life of the burden-bearer of this people. Day by day, hour by hour, he gives himself the suggestion of devotion, sacrifice and faith; and then, when the hour for utterance has come, takes up his pen and writes on a few scattered sheets the supreme English masterpiece of half a century. Benedict Arnold was always passionate and revengeful. Day after day, year after year, the reaction of life on him resulted in suggesting to his deeper self hate, envy, pride, and self-will. When his hour for expression came, he took up his pen to sign his name to the betrayal of his trust. There is nothing in the process of the soul that needs to cause us more of joy and more of fear than this amenability of the soul to suggestion.

Secondly, you must come to a new realization of the supreme place of the will. Heredity must have some place in the formation of character, although that place is not yet very clearly determined—but the most weighty discovery of the present day seems to me this rediscovery of the regal power of the will to do right; These psychologists, and hypnotists, in their investigations into the unexplored tracts of personality have come across not only a God-like aspiration after virtue in every soul, but also an unlimited power for the attainment of that aspiration. Just as the Master of Life stooped over the cripple, saying, "Arise and walk;" and knew that within that stricken form there was the ability to rise and walk; so modern psychology stoops over every sinful soul and repeats the Scripture command, "Be ye therefore perfect," for ye are in the image of your Father in Heaven, who is perfect. This is a tremendous doctrine of individual responsibility. It is an old Scriptural doctrine, but it gains a new force when, by the modern hypnotists' appeal to the soul of goodness in a man, you see the drunkard go forth a new man, the spendthrift reformed and the invalid made well.

In the third place, you will have to form for yourself very likely a new, and very stern, doctrine of sin and virtue. The old doctrine of a forensic justification before God was an admirable thing to look at, but it did not work very well either for the justified or for his family. Those who deemed themselves "saved" very often failed to possess the homely virtues of cheerfulness, kindness, courage and forgiveness; while many who were obviously "good" were not conscious of salvation. The religion of to-day gives the genuinely "good" man his due, and placards in their proper place these hateful sins of unkindness, intolerance, moodiness, worry and hardness of heart. It is a great service that any sect bestows when that body of people stands forth to proclaim that the ills of the flesh have an origin in the ills of the mind, and that the thoughts that issue in these bodily ills are sins against the High and Holy One. From whatever source derived, the conviction of the necessity of controlling the outbreaks of our evil moods would be the greatest conceivable blessing in so-called Christian homes. This is surely no new gospel. All this teaching is from both Christ and the apostles; but it is undeniable that the recent presentation of it has amounted almost to a discovery.

govern your thought is that of the very great influence that we exercise over one another. If you believe in the telepathic communication of one subconscious mind with another, you will believe that the condition of your subliminal consciousness—of irritation, or quiet, of hope or fear—even though you speak no word, will affect those associated with you. In no hazy way, but very definitely, then, we are our brother's keepers, responsible for the world's stock of cheer and faith. The home is the peculiar field for the operation of this subconscious power. There the quickest of sympathy exists, there influence is felt most readily and most deeply. The atmosphere of a home, although a hackneyed term, expresses a clearly defined reality. The atmosphere is the spirit of the house, emanating from the deep well of the subconscious mind of the housekeeper. God has created no more gracious figure in His great world than that of the wife and mother, who gives to the very place of her abode her own quiet, buoyant, soothing spirit. What she is in the unsounded depths of her being will appear in time in the house where she dwells and in the faces of the little children that look up to her. On the other hand, the home of the card-club woman and the home of the gad-about! Who does not know them and shudder at the thought? Their atmosphere is that of restlessness and spiritual poverty. Woe betide her children and her husband; for she cannot give them, after their day of temptations and vexation, that by which they are renewed, the spirit of peace and quiet confidence in good.

II. Now, it will sometimes happen that, despite our best endeavors, we shall be overborne in the press. Illness comes on, whatever the cause, and the causes are often complex. What are we to do? Every physician would join with me, I believe, in saying: make the spiritual attitude correct. To use the terminology of the books, give yourself the auto-suggestions of courage, confidence in God, faith in His willingness and power to care for and restore you. Make it the genuine conviction of your spirit that God does provide for all His creatures. Rest in the promises of divine health with which the Scriptures abound. If there is any cause of irritation, remove it, if it be possible, by the right action on your part. Nothing is more irritating than harboring a vigorous grudge. I need not remind you how strictly scriptural is all this method of creating a correct mental attitude; and I believe that your own careful observation would come to my support in the statement that the great majority of the diseases from which our households suffer can be finally traced to the fret and ambition of our present life. As the pastor, then, of your souls and the minister of the Lord Jesus Christ, who, through faith, restored the body, I would exhort you to cultivate to the utmost the virtues that Christ always insisted upon—trust in God, humility, self-forgetfulness, forgiveness, sincerity.

Still, in many cases, the conditions of ill health will continue. What is to be done then? Manifestly, if the trouble be serious, it is the time to employ the physician, who can diagnose the case and prescribe the regulations under which recovery can be most rapid. I earnestly hope that in the excitement of this new discovery of the therapeutic power that is in the mind no one here will believe that he is privileged to sin against either himself or his brother. All laws of action are laws of God. The best results ensue when we learn how to use all of God's laws in harmony with each other. Quinine is just as much a creation of the divine spirit as is the mind of man, and we may as well acknowledge that infection is a process likely to take place under prevailing conditions, unless guarded against.

The employment of mental healing in cases of physical disorder is the employment of a therapeutic agency. You may use medicines if you see fit and they produce the results, although as a matter of fact medical practice of the present day makes less and less of the treatment by drugs and more and more of the treatment by the natural agencies of rest, air and water. On the other hand, you may employ the mental healer, provided your own spirit is so attuned to the spiritual life that you are able to receive its benefits. My own belief is that those who are wonted to the spiritual life—by which I mean the life of communion with God through prayer, the life of faith in a controlling power, and of interest in the life of the spirit in its higher manifestations—are best prepared for the reception of these benefits. No one can be benefited who sets himself even secretly against his healer, who prefers his own will and way to the will and way of God, or who cherishes a false self pride in his own condition. The only way of restoration is the sincere and humble committal of oneself into the hands of God that He may work His restoring will. One must learn the very heart of the meaning of the sixth chapter of Matthew, the core of which is the insistence upon the necessity of the genuine union of the life of man with God. If there is one place in which no deception is possible it is in this relation of life with God. Whoever the healer may be, the prerequisite to success is the sincere desire of the patient to be helped. Greater than the desire of having one's own way, and of cherishing one's own foible, must be the desire to receive that more abundant life that Christ came to bring.

Therefore, while on the one hand, this is only a system of therapeutics, on the other, it is a system the success of which is so intimately related to the attitude of a man's spirit toward the infinite that it becomes a matter of religion.

The Sunday-School

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR MAY 10.

Subject: The Mission of the Holy Spirit, John 15:26 and 16:24—Golden Text, John 14:16—Commit Verse 13—Commentary.

TIME.—Late Tuesday night or early Wednesday morning, April 4th or 5th, A. D. 30. PLACE.—Near Jerusalem.

EXPOSITION.—I. Jesus Going the Comforter Coming, 4-7. The disciples were filled with sorrow at the announcement of the departure of Jesus. The story of the world's hate still goes on (cf. vs. 1-3). The world, Jesus says, will excommunicate and kill the one who is true to Him. How true this prophecy has proven to be in actual history, but Jesus prepared His disciples for the fiery trial by forewarning them of it, and He would prepare us for the persecutions we must surely meet, if we are loyal to Him, by forewarning us of them (2 Tim. 3:12). The disciples were filled with sorrow, so full were they that they did not even stop to ask, "Whither goest Thou?" If we would only ask that question concerning our departing friends, and get God's answer to the question, sorrow would no longer fill our hearts (cf. Phil. 1:23). Jesus did not tell them of coming trial while He was with them, but now that He was to be no longer with them in person, they needed to be forewarned in order that they might be forearmed.

II.—When the Comforter is Come, 7-15. Their sorrow over the departure of Jesus was altogether needless. It was profitable for them for Jesus to go, for another Divine Friend was coming to take His place, a Friend who could be much nearer and more constantly nearer to them than Jesus could be during the days of His flesh. How clearly the personality of the Holy Spirit comes out in all this. Can we conceive of Jesus saying it was profitable for Him to go, if the One who was to come and take His place was not a Person but only an impersonal influence or power? The word translated "Comforter" means that and far more. It is the same word that is translated "advocate" in 1 John 2:1. But advocate does not give its full force. It means one called to stand beside another, as constant helper, counselor, guide, friend. Jesus, up to this time, had been a friend constantly at hand, but He was going and another Divine Friend was coming who would not only be with them, but dwell in them (ch. 14:16, 17). A Christian need never be lonely if he would only bear in mind that fact, that in him dwells the best of all companions, the Paraclete, the Holy Spirit. The Comforter has come. His first work is to show the world its error about sin, to show that the great, decisive, damning sin is not to believe in the Son of God (cf. Acts 2:36, 37; John 3:18, 19), and that they are guilty of this sin. It is not our work to try to convince the world of sin. If we tried to do it, we should fail; but there is one who can do it if we look to Him, the Holy Spirit, but He does it through us. Jesus says, "I will send Him unto you" (v. 7), "and when He is come (unto you), He will convict the world." As far as the Scriptures reveal, the Holy Spirit has no channel through which He can get at the world except through those who are already saved. Are you an unobstructed channel? How many there are in our homes and our classes that the Holy Spirit is trying to get at, and He is trying to get the use of our lips, but we will not place them at His disposal. Or, if we do place them at His disposal, our own lives are not surrendered fully to Him and so He cannot work through us. He shows the world, too, its error about righteousness. He shows to the world by the resurrection and ascension of Jesus, that Jesus is the righteous One and the only righteousness possible to us is in Him (cf. Phil. 3:9, R. V.). There are two things that a man needs to see in order to be saved—first, himself, that he is a sinner; second, Jesus, His righteousness, and the righteousness of God provided for us in Him. It is the work of the Holy Spirit to show these two things to man. He also shows the world its error about judgment, i. e., that there is to be a judgment for it, inasmuch as its prince is judged already. But the Holy Spirit would do another work, guide the disciples into all the truth. The disciples were not yet ripe for all the truth, and Jesus is an infinitely wise Teacher, and gave them the truth as they were prepared to receive it. It would be well if modern teachers would learn from Jesus to adapt their teaching to the digestion of the hearers. But the time would come when they should be led into all the fullness of God's truth. This promise was made primarily to the apostles. It is Jesus' own guarantee of the inspiration and truth and completeness of their teaching. But this promise cannot be limited to the apostles, for John himself applies it to all believers (1 John 2:27). It is the privilege of each believer to be directly taught of the Spirit, and we will not understand the truth until we are thus taught. No amount of reading of good books, or of the mere letter of the Word, will give us to know the truth the Spirit Himself must teach us. Of course, He will not teach anything contrary to the Book of which He Himself is the Author; but He will be the inter-

GIRL OF FIVE SLAIN IN RELIGIOUS FRENZY

Head of Praying Band, While Fighting Devil, Slays Niece.

MOTHER HELD AS ACCESSORY

Robert Bachman, Calling Himself "God," Said to Have Stamped Babe to Death in Pennsylvania—Prompted by Revenge.

Easton, Pa.—The mother of May Irene Smith, murdered as a sacrifice by a religious fanatic, was lodged in the Northampton County jail in this city, charged with aiding and abetting the killing of her own daughter.

She was arrested immediately after the funeral services at the grave, at the Stone Church Cemetery, about twenty-four miles from here. Mrs. Bachman, the wife of Robert Bachman, who has confessed to the District Attorney and to a World correspondent that by the direction of God, he strangled May Irene Smith to death, was also arrested.

A new and startling phase in the pitiful tragedy has cropped out. When County Detective Johnson took Bachman's wife into custody, one of the best known residents of Nazareth called Johnson aside and said to him: "Are you sure that this religious frenzy idea is all a fake? Do you know that the killing of this child was a premeditated murder by Bachman in revenge for the death of one of his own children? He was the father of a little girl nineteen months old, and it was taken to Smith's house on the Cherry Hill road, where it contracted pneumonia from May Irene, the little girl who was murdered. Bachman got it into his head that the Smiths were responsible for the death of his baby daughter, and he began exercising the marvelous hypnotic power he possessed to bring Smith and Mrs. Smith into the belief he had adopted."

"His argument was that the Pennsylvania Dutch, of Northampton County, no longer followed the teachings of Martin Luther, and that the time had come for the formation of a new sect.

"There is no question that he believed this himself and became a fanatic on the subject, but at the same time he used it to carry out his scheme of a revenge.

"He conceived a terrible hatred for the five-year-old daughter of his brother-in-law and displayed it so openly that she became afraid of him, and frequently so expressed herself.

"She refused to go to the Bachman house alone and it was only by the greatest persuasion that she was induced to visit there last Monday. Her father and mother were then under the complete mental domination of Bachman and did exactly as he bade them.

"They ran from room to room, singing and praying. They smashed furniture and shattered mirrors to drive out devils and admit the Spirit of God. They tore bed sheets into strips and knotted these strips around their waists until the breath was almost driven from their bodies. They burned up all the books in the house except the Bible, and a small book with a vellum cover whose leaves were entirely blank except the first, on which was written, 'Gott ist Gott.'

"Bachman proclaimed himself as God's brother, and then as God Himself. Then by the exercise of the strange power he possessed he compelled Smith to worship him, kneeling at his feet. He commanded him constantly to bring May Irene to the house that she might be imbued by the Holy Spirit, and the child was taken there to her death.

"Bachman knew perfectly well what he was doing. He believed that May Irene had communicated pneumonia to his nineteen-months-old child and in his fanatical zeal he determined that the Smith child should atone for what he said was a sin against the daughter of God, for he believed himself to be God, so he cunningly set up the claim that he was attempting to drive out the evil spirit from May Irene and to do it he was compelled to strangle her, and then stamp and sit on her dead body.

"That is the real story, Mr. Johnson. Bachman has confessed his crime three times. Once to you, once to the District Attorney, and once to a World correspondent, but he has skillfully avoided revealing the real motive for his crime."

The county detective has had a long and varied experience in criminology, and this suggestion rather staggered him, but he went to Mrs. Bachman and questioned her before placing her under arrest. She admitted that one of her children had died of pneumonia, that May Irene Smith, while convalescing from the same disease, had visited and played with her child. That it was suspected the disease had been communicated by this association. But Mrs. Bachman would not admit that her husband conceived a hatred for May Irene on this account. The woman had recovered in a measure from the religious frenzy which possessed her while she was under the control of her husband, and was inclined to be cautious in her answers. She said that Robert, her husband, never expressed dislike for the child until he became convinced she was controlled by the devil, and then he deemed it

240 JAPANESE LOST WHEN WARSHIP SINKS

Training Cruiser Matushima Blown Up by Explosion.

SCORES RESCUED FROM WATER

Had Just Reached Makang—Rescue Boats Saved 175 of Her Complement of 415—Prominent Japanese Families Bereaved.

Tokio, Japan.—Her hull ripped to pieces by exploding twelve-inch shells, the Japanese cruiser Matushima went down at the Pescadores Islands with a loss of 240 lives, including a son of Prince Oryama, the victorious general over the Russians, and a son of Baron Chinda, Vice-Minister of the Foreign Office. Three captains went down with the ship, which sank five minutes after the first explosion.

The Matushima was of especial historic significance, in that she was the flagship of Admiral Itô in the defeat of the Chinese at the battle of the Yalu River. The ship also was sent into the thick of the fighting in the Battle of the Sea of Japan, although in design and construction the cruiser was antiquated. The vessel mourned only one twelve-inch gun, and among naval designers was looked upon in the nature of a "freak." Since the war with Russia she has been used as a training ship for cadets, and thirty-four out of the fifty-eight cadets on board went to the bottom with her.

The naval officials here are exercising their usual caution in giving full details to the public, but enough has been gathered to show that the end of the cruiser came with tragic suddenness. The Matushima had been engaged in night target practice, and had entered the harbor of Makang in the Pescadores group. The anchor had just been dropped, at 4.08 o'clock, when the first shell exploded. The huge missile came up through the deck and shot into the air. The concussion was so terrific that the stock of twelve-inch shells in the magazine were scattered, and the explosions coming in quick succession the ship was literally shot to pieces. It was said many of the officers and men were killed by the shells on the deck. An attempt was made to muster the crew, but the cruiser quickly began to settle and the deck soon was impassable with the rents cut in it by the shells.

Finally a mighty explosion sent the Matushima down like a stone. It was believed the large quantity of powder stored in the magazine completed the destruction of the ship. Practically her entire bottom was blown away, and it was said that the explosion of the boilers added to the horror of the situation.

The cruisers Isumshima and Hashidate were entering the harbor at the time, and they lowered boats. Several men were picked up 300 yards from the wreck, where they had been blown by the force of the last explosion. In all 141 officers and men were taken alive out of the water. Only a few bodies were recovered. The captains who went down were Yoshmord, Name and Yashiro, all veterans of the war with Russia.

The cause of the explosion is not known, but it is believed it was the result of deterioration of powder. The cruiser was one of the few ships in the Japanese navy not equipped with a refrigerating plant for the maintenance of an even temperature in magazines.

Washington, D. C.—Commander Taniguchi, the Naval Attaché of the Japanese Embassy, said that the regular complement of the Matushima was 355 men, and that on her cruise she had about fifty cadets aboard, making a total of about 415. His cablegram, he said, indicates that about 175 were saved, which would make the loss of officers and men about 240. Those saved include three officers, twenty-four cadets, seven non-commissioned officers and 141 of the crew.

BANK PRESIDENT'S SUICIDE.

Manasquan (N. J.) Institution Closes—M. D. Magee Ends Life.

Manasquan, N. J.—Morgan Delaney Magee, president of the First National Bank of this place, shot himself in the head while standing on the beach at the Manasquan Inlet, near here. He evidently planned that his body should fall into the sea and be carried out by the tide. Instead, it collapsed on the spiles. Following the suicide the bank closed its doors by order of John and James Terhune, the principal stockholders and directors. They have no reason to believe the bank is in financial trouble, but decided to close it for a few days to prevent a possible run. Roger Magee, son of the banker, found the body.

Mr. Magee was forty-nine years old. He was a native of Matawan, and was for many years a clerk in a bank there, and all his life had been connected with the Terhune banking interests.

Employment For Thousands.

The prediction was made in Wall Street that before the summer is over the railroads will resume their extensive improvements and will be

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Prayer Meeting Topic For the Week Beginning May 10, 1908.

By REV. S. H. DOYLE.

Topic.—Being a Christian—I. In our work and our play.—John v, 17; Eccl. ix, 10; Prov. xvii, 22.

Christianity should enter into every form of our lives. This fact is to be emphasized in this and the two succeeding topics, in which it is to be set forth that it should have a part in our work, our play, our school and home life and even in our political lives. These three topics should enlist the earnest interest of all Endeavorers, and each one should think out for himself the meaning of the topic or should at least inquire concerning himself whether or not his religion does enter into the various forms of his life or whether it is simply reserved for the Sabbath and the various religious activities in which he engages. The present topic deals with the question of being a Christian in our work and play.

1. Being a Christian in our work. The word work does not here apply even principally to our Christian work. While engaged in that the spirit of Christ necessarily predominates our actions. At least it does in most cases, while here and there we do find a lack of such a spirit even in work for Christ. False ambitions, favoritism and even theft have sometimes been found among Christian workers. But the topic applies more particularly to the work of life by which we make our living, whether by trade, business or profession. The question arises, Do we carry our religion into the daily work of life? Work we must. God worked, Christ worked, and if we are truly His disciples we will work also. And if we follow the Master's example we shall work earnestly, sincerely and honestly. "Whatsoever our hands find to do we should do it with our might," remembering that the night cometh, when no man can work. But in the business world there are many temptations. There is the temptation to increase riches more rapidly by falsehood and dishonesty, to advance more rapidly in our professions at the sacrifice of the rights of others. These things are of daily occurrence even among professing Christians. Some claim that you cannot be honest and succeed. If so, then you had better fail. Failure with Christ is better than success without Christ. But men who carry their religion into their work do succeed. We should not be bluffed by the cry of the world. Opportunities may sometimes come to make seeming success more rapid through the sacrifice of our religion. But it is only seeming success. Young people should keep this in mind. Do not lie or steal for any employer. If you steadfastly refuse he will realize your value and probably raise you to a higher position rather than discharge you. And if he should do the latter the business world is greatly in need of honest, upright, trustworthy men, and God will take care of you. Resist every temptation to do wrong in your work, and you will never regret it.

2. Being a Christian in play. The serious, earnest worker deserves a time for play or for recreation and amusement. "All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy," and men are but boys a little older grown. The Master retired frequently with His disciples for rest. Any healthful and sinless amusement or recreation is suitable for a young Christian. Christ Himself was no ascetic. He did not absent Himself from the social and joyful features of life. He attended a wedding, usually a most festive occasion, and on a number of occasions accepted invitations to feasts and dinners. The disciple can follow the example of his Master even in this respect. As to the character of the amusements in which we can rightly take part, each one must decide for himself. Whatever harms us morally and spiritually must be omitted. Whatever gives enjoyment and pleasure without such results may be indulged in. Go where you can take Christ. Stay away from any place where you would not like to see Him or His ambassador, your pastor. Do what you feel He can bless. Omit what you feel you could not ask Him to bless. If in whatever you enjoy you can be a Christian, have no fear, but if there be a doubt in your mind give your religion the benefit of the doubt. In either case you will be safe.

BIBLE READINGS.

Prov. xii 25; xv, 13, 15; Neh. v, 9-12; Mark ii, 14, 15; John ix, 4; Acts viii, 5-18; 26-39; 1 Cor. xv, 58; Gal. vi, 9, 10; Phil. iv, 4

"Quality and Quantity."

Let us not talk about quality rather than quantity, but quality and quantity. We can have both if we will with God's blessing upon our efforts. Let us not think lightly of numerical increase. It is at the basis of all other increase and betterment. You cannot help a young person until you get hold of him. You must get him into your society as an active or associate member before you can do much for him.—Rev. Francis E. Clark, D. D., LL. D.

Sunshine.

Christian Endeavor ought to be to a soul what sunshine is to a room.—Miss Mary in Irish Endeavor.

Christian Endeavor's Figures.

1881—1 society.
1882—7 societies.
1883—56 societies.
1887—2,314 societies.
1890—11,013 societies.
1898—52,022 societies.
1903—62,126 societies.
1908—69,138 societies.

What We Stand For.

[A statement made by the Rev. J. H. Garrison, D. D., a trustee, from the Disciples of Christ of the United Society of Christian Endeavor.]

For the Christ of Galilee,
For the truth that makes men free,
For the bond of unity
Which makes God's children one.

For the love which shines in deeds,
For the life which this world needs,
For the church whose triumph speeds
The prayer, "Thy will be done."

For the right against the wrong,
For the weak against the strong,
For the poor who've waited long
For the brighter age to be.

For the faith against tradition,
For the truth 'gainst superstition,
For the hope whose glad fruition
Our waiting eyes shall see.

For the city God is rearing,
For the new earth now appearing,
For the heaven above us clearing
And the song of victory.

Text For the Year.

Dr. Clark has given as a motto to Christian Endeavorers for the year the verse, "The Lord make you to increase and abound in love one toward another and toward all men."

The Utmost For the Highest.

Dr. Francis E. Clark, the president of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, sends the following message to his fellow Endeavorers:

Dear Fellow Endeavorers:
The recent British national convention had for its motto "The utmost for the highest." I do not know of a better motto for your new year of work or for Endeavor day. Every one who keeps this in mind will have something to give of time and money and sympathy and energy for missions, for evangelism and for that evangelistic missionary work known as Christian Endeavor in our state and throughout the world. Faithfully yours, FRANCIS E. CLARK.

An Honor to the World.

Vice President Fairbanks, speaking at the Seattle Christian Endeavor convention, said:

"This Christian Endeavor society grows upon me the more I think of it, and my tribute to it does not grow out of the fact that I am now an interested member of it. I speak the language of impartiality and justice. I will not detain you except, Dr. Clark, again to thank you from the bottom of my heart for what you have so splendidly accomplished—an honor to America, an honor to the world."

A Helpful Acrostic.

The Pasadena (Cal.) Presbyterian Endeavorers (this is the church attended by John Willis Baer) use in their topic card the following interesting and helpful acrostic interpretation of Christian Endeavor:

Come unto Me, and I will give you rest.
He shall give His angels charge over thee.
Rest in the Lord; wait patiently for Him.
I will never leave thee nor forsake thee.
Search the Scriptures.
The Lord is my Shepherd.
I am the Good Shepherd and know My sheep.
Ask, and it shall be given you.
Not as I will, but as Thou wilt.

Enter ye in at the strait gate.
No man can serve two masters.
Draw nigh to God, and He will draw nigh to you.

Every one that asketh receiveth.
And he ye kind one to another.
Verily there is a reward for the righteous.
O h, how great is Thy goodness!
Rejoice in the Lord, for He is good.

"Until a Little While."

[The Brazilians have an expression which I heard a thousand times, which, being literally translated, means "until a little while." It may be many years before I return to Brazil, if ever; but, measured in the years of eternity, it will be only "until a little while" that we meet again. Then "Ate logo," dear friends, "Ate logo," "until a little while."
—Dr. Francis E. Clark.]

The Lord of light shall give His peace
"Until a little while."
His watchful love shall never cease
Nor lessened be His smile.

CHORUS.

"Until a little while,"
"Until a little while,"
The Lord keep watch in tender love
"Until a little while."

The Lord of light shall guardian be
"Until a little while,"
Keep watch in love o'er thee and me,
Though sundered paths beguile.

The Lord of light with mighty arm
"Until a little while"
Shall keep from every dire alarm
And safeguard life's long mile.

Through varied scenes to heaven's gate
Our pilgrim band shall file
To where the "loved and lost" ones wait
"Until a little while."

*A new benediction song. Words and music copyright, 1907.
—John R. Clements in Christian Endeavor World.

The trouble with most cough cures is that they constipate. Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup does not constipate, but on the other hand its laxative principles gently move the bowels. It is pleasant to take and is especially recommended for children, as it tastes nearly as good as maple sugar. Sold by Geo. W. Wright.

The trouble of putting up screen doors is trifling compared with the respite from shovelling ashes.

State Treasurer Sheatz's Appointments.

State Treasurer-elect John O. Sheatz Friday announced six appointments in the treasury department of which he became the head Monday at noon. The chief is that of Joseph P. Gates of Yellow Creek, Bedford county, to be cashier, succeeding B. F. Measey of Ridley Park.

The appointment took effect on Monday. Mr. Sheatz declines to talk of any other changes. When Mr. Kerry took office he retained few of the old attaches and at the end of six months only one, Capt. A. M. Porter of Washington county, remained. Capt. Porter retired last year and entered the department of general store-keeper.

In announcing the appointments, Mr. Sheatz said: "These gentlemen have been highly indorsed by leading business men, manufacturers, editors, division superintendents of railroads, attorneys and citizens in their respective communities and I feel satisfied that the state, through their ability and fidelity, will be well served." The men named are:

Joseph P. Gates, for years a clerk in the auditor general's department and formerly in the coal business, to be cashier at a salary of \$3,000. This is a purely personal appointment.

Joseph B. Leconte, Bradford, expert bookkeeper, at a salary of \$2,000 to succeed Ogden Armsfrong of Philadelphia. He was formerly connected with the Bradford Gas Company.

Thomas W. Derousses, Philadelphia, a personal friend of Mr. Sheatz, and Charles

Jurors for May Court.

GRAND JURORS, 2ND MONDAY, 11TH DAY.
Allen Gilbert, railroad, Huntingdon
Beaver George D., marble cutter, Huntingdon

Black Allison, miner, Broad Top City
Bliger Samuel, stonemason, West
Dickson Thomas, foreman, Petersburg
Free E. S., electrician, Huntingdon
Fleming J. H., wagonmaker, Saltillo
Goshorn Robert, laborer, Shirley
Grove Solomon, farmer, Cromwell
Henry J. F., merchant, West
Hooper P. M., carpenter, Mapleton
Lynn Benjamin, farmer, Penn
Mitchell Watson, farmer, Cromwell
Miller Herbert, railroad, Huntingdon
Nale Frederick, farmer, Clay
Pollock John, farmer, Tell
Snack J. C., laborer, Brady
Scott Harry R., barber, Shirley
Stewart Samuel, foreman, Warriorsmark
Thompson Walter, laborer, Rockhill
Tussey H. G., farmer, Jackson
Wible Scott, farmer, Clay
Woods Thomas E., track foreman, Henderson
Young William J., pumpman, Wood

PEIT JURORS, 2ND MONDAY, 11TH DAY.
Anderson Robert A., farmer, Penn
Brown D. C., justice peace, Franklin
Brown Lewis R., cabinetmaker, Huntingdon
Coons R. J., printer, Orbisonia
Croyte S. E., merchant, West
Couch A. L., farmer, Miller
Dell J. G., county supt, Huntingdon
Dell Jesse M., sawyer, Cass

Eberman W. F., painter, Mount Union
Fink Reuben, wagonmaker, Penn
Foust I. N., gent, Mill Creek
Gill John, tailor, Huntingdon
Gambie Alexander, laborer, Shade Gap
Grove O. R., railroad, Saltillo
Gearhart Levi, merchant, Barree
Greenland Norman, potter, Cass
Gumbert D. H., farmer, Shirley
Hamer R. C., farmer, Porter
Hall Samuel, farmer, Henderson
Hutchinson E. M., farmer, Logan
Henry Harvey N., butcher, Dudley
Harkleroad John, stonemason, Clay
Hinrich Simon, blacksmith, Coalmont
Isenberg E. M., farmer, Spruce Creek
Jones Roy, clerk, Mount Union
Ketterman John H., teacher, Lincoln
Mattern Lewis, teacher, Warriorsmark
Martin C. M., bricklayer, Huntingdon
Mobus John, constable, Huntingdon
Mounts W. H., engineer, Mapleton
McClain James, farmer, Tod
Moore Jones, farmer, Tell
Metz Porter, farmer, Brady
Nuner Grant, laborer, Henderson
O'Neil John, miner, Broad Top City
Porter Robert, farmer, Miller
Rupert Howard, farmer, Henderson
Reed James A., blacksmith, Carbon
Reed L. C., undertaker, Carbon
Ripple Roy, laborer, Mount Union
Shire Cloyd, farmer, Shirley
Seeds Walter, farmer, Warriorsmark
S. Knitter Harry, farmer, Barree
Wible E. R., farmer, Springfield
Wilson W. B., farmer, Cromwell
Weaver E. E., surveyor, Wood
Walls John M., carpenter, Barree
Westbrook Thomas A., merchant, Huntingdon

TRAVERSE JURORS, 3RD MONDAY, 18TH DAY.
Anderson John P., baggage-master, Huntingdon

Beers John, railroad agent, Cromwell
Barton Bower, agent, Shirley
Bollinger H. C., miner, Coalmont
Boring E. S., farmer, Union
Curfman James, farmer, Tod
Couch Alexander, farmer, Brady
Cutehall G. M., teacher, Springfield
Corder Saml C., mail carrier, Huntingdon
Cornelius Rufus, miner, Saltillo
Foreman David, railroad agent, Hopewell
Foust R. J., tanner, Mount Union
Gilliland W. B., gent, Orbisonia
Gilliam J. R., laborer, Mapleton
Grove D. P., farmer, Penn
Gilliland G. W., farmer, Cromwell
Hernandez William, farmer, Cromwell
Harvey I. N., laborer, Shirley
Horton H. K., carpenter, Broad Top City
Johnson Robert O., contractor, Mt. Union
Lucas Samuel, foreman, Warriorsmark
Lew W. H., farmer, Spruce Creek
Krug W. A., farmer, Shirley
Miller James C., farmer, Franklin
McNeil A. J., farmer, Clay
Mathias William, carpenter, Dublin
McCall R. A., foreman, Mapleton
McCall James, clerk, Huntingdon
Ott Stewart, railroad, Orbisonia
Park Clay, lumberman, Three Springs
Parson E. L., farmer, Tell
Rudy John O., farmer, Brady
Ramsey W. W., carpenter, Barree
Rutter H. E., clerk, Orbisonia
Sproneybager J. E., merchant, Huntingdon
Strunk John W., lumberman, Jackson
Vaughn Wilson, gent, Huntingdon
Wakfield Albert, laborer, Shirley
Wible Jacob, farmer, Springfield
Wilson Elias, farmer, Springfield
Zeigler C. B., clerk, Mount Union
Zacharias S. E., ——— Morris

MANY GOING TO CIRCUS.

Ringling Bros. Expected to Draw Crowds from Mapleton.

The circus seems to be the popular topic of conversation these days and many are making arrangements to visit Lewistown when Ringling Bros. exhibit there on May 18th.

The splendid new parade at 10 o'clock in the morning, the greatly improved menagerie, a brilliant introductory spectacle, the sensational mid-air automobile double somersault and the greatest European company of artists ever seen under one canvas are the features of this year's exhibition, which the press and public of cities where the show has been are praising to the skies.

The Ringling Bros. are celebrating this season the twenty-fifth jubilee year of their splendid enterprise by giving the public a circus entertainment that exceeds anything ever done in the past in the way of amusements. They have searched the world for novelty, they have imported at great cost the most wonderful European and Asiatic acts, they have had builded in foreign studios and shops the finest outfit ever used by a circus, and they have so enlarged their already gigantic show that twelve acres of ground are now required for their many tents.

The circus this year numbers 1,280 men, women and children, 650 horses, 30 camels, 40 elephants, 110 cages of animals, 85 double-length railroad cars and 300 parade vehicles. The main tent is the largest ever built. The greatest program is given in three rings, on two stages, in a vast hippodrome track and in the spacious dome. There are 375 performers, 300 of whom are making their first tour of America under the management of Ringling Brothers.

In addition to the dangerous and thrilling automobile double somersault act, presented by Miss La Belle Roche, of France, here after a few other remarkable features never before witnessed in America: The Great Mirza Golem family from the court of the Shah of Persia; the man from France who walks up and down stairs on his head; Riccobono and his "Good-Night" horse, which wears pants, coat and boots, from Persia; the pig that skips the rope and shoots the chutes; the ape that stands on its head; the twenty camel team in the parade, and the remarkable zebra tandem-riding act.

ADVERTISE IN THE ITEM.

Shapiro Bros. Department Store

ALWAYS UP TO DATE.

Flour & Feed at Prices to Suit the Times

A Large Stock of Wall Paper
from 2 1-2 cents per bolt up

Cured Meats of all Kinds
HAMLETS, 10 CENTS PER POUND

Furniture, Carpets, Dry Goods, Notions,
CLOTHING, ETC.

PRICES RIGHT

Your Patronage Solicited

Shapiro Bros.

MAPLETON

NEWS BY WIRE

WHEAT NOT HURT BY COLD.

Chicago, Ill.—May wheat shot up to \$1.04, an advance of 4½ cents over the previous day's closing price, and then settled back, closing at \$1.02. The weather is still colder than desirable, but the absence of serious complaints from any section was a reassuring feature. Bullish sentiment was accentuated later by decreases in stocks at Minneapolis and Duluth and reported sales of twenty loads for export in the latter market.

Camden Left \$30,000,000.

Wheeling, W. Va.—The will of the late Senator J. N. Camden was admitted to probate at Parkersburg. The bulk of his fortune, estimated at \$30,000,000, goes to his two children, Johnson N. Camden, Jr., and Mrs. Anna T. Spillman. Out of the income the will provides the widow shall receive during her natural life an income of \$30,000 a year in lieu of dower.

Pensacola Policemen Dismissed.

Pensacola, Fla.—Twenty-five policemen, comprising the entire day watch, were dismissed for refusing to board the cars of the Pensacola Electric Company and protect the non-union men operating them.

Miners Will Accept Old Scale.

Charleston, W. Va.—There will be no strike of Kanawha district miners. The Subscale Committee decided to recommend that the 1904 scale of wages be adopted and a joint conference is called for later in the day to ratify the agreement.

Band of Robbers Loot Minnesota Bank.

Crookston, Minn.—Robbers entered the Scandia State Bank and got about \$8000. They terrorized the people by "shooting up" the town and escaped. There were at least six men in the gang.

Pacific Coast Wants Dozen Warships.

Seattle, Wash.—The Seattle Chamber of Commerce has passed resolutions which favor the retention on the Pacific Coast of not less than twelve battleships.

Bailey Not a Millionaire.

Austin, Texas.—Senator J. W. Bailey, in a public speech here, denied the report that he is in the multimillionaire class. He offered to sell all of his holdings in Texas, with the exception of a 600-acre farm, for \$1000, and to donate that amount to charity if the sale should be made.

Distiller Goes to Prison For Fraud.

Richmond, Va.—T. M. Angle, president of the Dry Fork Distilling Company, was found guilty on five charges in the United States Court in Danville for committing extensive revenue frauds, and sentenced to four years in the Federal penitentiary. He also was fined \$15,000. Bail, pending appeal, was placed at \$20,000.

Scourge Devastates Wild Duck.

Sandusky, Ohio.—Wild ducks are dying by the hundred daily in the marshy regions bordering on Lake Erie. Examination reveals the presence in the head feathers of a small insect not unlike a flea.

No Autos on Nantucket.

Boston.—The bill permitting the Selectmen of Nantucket to exclude automobiles from the streets of the island town between June 15 and September 15 was signed by Acting Governor Draper.

Recluse Cremated.

Mount Holly, N. J.—Douglass Grant, a young man living alone on the North Pemberton road for several years, was burned to death. It is supposed that the house caught fire from an overturned lamp.

New York Central Shops Resume.

Oswego, N. Y.—The New York Central shops here resumed operations, giving employment to a force of 400 men.

NEWS BY CABLE

FIND BODY TWENTY-ONE YEARS IN GLACIER.

Berne, Switzerland.—While exploring the Monterosa Glacier a party of guides discovered in an ice crevasse a body, which they cut out of the ice and brought to town. Later the body was identified as that of a guide named Naghi, who fell into a crevasse in the summer of 1887, while conducting a party over the glacier. The body was well preserved.

Cut in Philippines Salaries.

Manila.—The Assembly Committee on Appropriations proposes a series of sweeping reductions in general expenses and salaries, reducing the budget roughly from 28,000,000 pesos to 20,000,000. Plans have been made to cut the salaries of commissioners with portfolios to 20,000 pesos a year and commissioners without portfolios to 10,000 pesos.

Drought in Cuba Broken.

Havana.—The long drought which seriously affected the crops has been broken. The rains are now becoming general throughout the island.

Moor Pretender Beaten.

Rabat, Morocco.—Mulai Hafid, the so-called Sultan of the South, is reported here to have suffered a defeat and to have fled to Tadla, a town 128 miles southwest of Fez, where he has taken refuge with the Sidi Bendacud tribe.

One Peace Palace Contract Let.

The Hague.—The committee having in hand the building of the Peace Palace given by Andrew Carnegie has awarded the contract for the foundation and basements at the figure of \$50,000.

Foreman's House Blown Up.

Butte, Montana.—The home of J. G. Wycklaud, foreman of the quarries of the Washoe Smelting Company, near Anaconda, was demolished with giant powder. His wife and baby escaped. Wycklaud was injured, but not seriously. Foreign quarrymen, who lost employment, had threatened his life.

Straus Reappointed to Hague.

Washington, D. C.—Oscar J. Straus, Secretary of Commerce and Labor, received a letter from the President appointing him for another term of six years as member of the Permanent Court of Arbitration at The Hague.

War on "Mother Goose."

Worcester, Mass.—Mrs. Amend L. Peterson, president of the Worcester Scandinavian Union, has started a war on "Mother Goose" literature and similar books in the kindergartens and homes. She has burned her children's copies of "Mother Hubbard," "Bluebeard" and "Alice in Wonderland," and declares that children should read nothing based on untruths.

Tugboats For the Army.

Washington, D. C.—Proposals for twelve steel tugboats 100 feet long, for service in the coast artillery district, have been invited by the Quartermaster-General of the Army.

Names Two Consuls.

Washington, D. C.—The President sent to the Senate the following nominations to be Consuls: Franklin D. Hale, of Vermont, at Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Mason Mitchell, of New York, at Apia, Samoa.

Population of Denver, 225,000.

Denver, Col.—According to the census, just completed, Denver has a population of 225,000.

Damage Heavy in Fruit Belts.

Springfield, Mo.—Complete returns show that great damage has resulted to orchards and berry fields from the recent frosts in the Missouri and Arkansas fruit belts.

An Epidemic of Appendicitis.

Temple, Texas.—An epidemic of appendicitis has prevailed here for two weeks. In that time there have been more than fifty operations, and many persons have been afflicted who did not undergo operations.

Sage Fund For Typhoid Inquiry.

Pittsburg.—The Pittsburg Bureau of Health will make an investigation of the prevalence of typhoid fever in Pittsburg, all expenses to be paid by the Russell Sage Foundation. A commission of five members is to be appointed by the Mayor. There will also be an advisory committee of fifteen.

Students Plead For Athletics.

Boston.—One thousand undergraduates have signed the petition by which they hope to influence the Harvard faculty in favor of a more liberal athletic policy.

Denied Child, Kills Himself.

Sioux City, Iowa.—Seeing his baby girl playing on the steps of his divorced wife's home, Frank L. Horton was about to embrace and kiss the child, when his former wife ran out and took the baby away from him. Horton, seemingly dazed, ran to the street and shot himself dead.

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\$500,000 For Fleet Welcome.

Melbourne, Australia.—The Commonwealth government has been in consultation with the governments of Victoria and New South Wales with regard to the entertainment of the American fleet during its visit here. It is understood that more than \$500,000 will be devoted to this purpose.

Fort-de-France's Mayor Slain.

Fort-de-France, Island of Martinique.—Mayor Severe and several other persons were killed in a political riot in which Vice-Mayor Labat led his followers on an attack on the City Hall. Both sides were armed for battle.

Boys Mob a Jap.

Napa, Cal.—A crowd of men and boys attacked and beat an unoffending Japanese laundryman, S. Mori. Thomas Cuff was arrested.

Paris Banquet For U. S. Fleet.

Paris.—The American Club, of Paris, is arranging to entertain and dine the officers of the American battleship fleet when the vessels reach the Mediterranean on their way around the world. The banquet will be given either here or at some Mediterranean port.

Peru's Reckless Rubber-Hunters.

It is said that the rubber forests of trans-Andean Peru, on the upper Amazon, are being gradually destroyed by the wasteful practices of the native gatherers of the "milk," as the sap is called. The method of securing it for the better grades of rubber is to tap the trees in fresh spots every other day during the dry season, from July to January. It is usual, at the first of the month, to start the series of wounds in the bark at a point as high as the workman can conveniently reach, each subsequent wound being made a little below in the same vertical line, until the ground is reached at the end of the month. Trees tapped at a higher point, in order to work harder, are injured, if not killed, and the practice is forbidden in some districts.

In securing the cheapest grades of rubber the tree is cut down, and vast areas have thus been denuded of rubber trees, except the young ones which have sprung up. Owing to this short-sighted policy, the number of rubber-producing trees is steadily decreasing, and systematic planting and cultivation are advocated by experts.—Leslie's Weekly.

Costumes Worth Fortunes.

Dresses may not cost anything one likes to spend, but there are in existence certain garments which are easily the "record" in point of price.

The Queen of Siam owns what is perhaps the most costly dress in the world. It is a silken robe of state, the fabric being completely concealed by an embroidery of diamonds, emeralds, rubies and sapphires. Its value is estimated at \$5,000,000.

Another valuable dress is the property of the Grand Duchess Xania, the Czar's sister. Her Highness owns a Russian national costume, which, from cap to slippers, is encrusted with precious stones. The weight of the complete outfit is so heavy that it is almost unbearable.

Another Russian princess has a wrap made of silver-fox fur. The collar alone is worth thousands of dollars; while the whole garment's worth must be estimated at its own weight in gold.—Answers.

Fresh Fish in Mid Ocean.

Fresh fish, taken directly from the fresh water an hour or so before serving, on the big Atlantic liners, is a new and welcome novelty made possible by the installation of huge fresh water tanks on the newest of these great steamships. Every variety of fresh water fish that is served in the most up-to-date hotel is kept in these tanks. They are taken there from just before the time for their preparation, and when served on the table have the firm and fresh appearance of fish served in the hunter's camp. This is a most welcome and needed innovation, for often the alleged "fresh" fish served on shipboard has been rendered repugnant to the palate by long keeping. There is no food more subject to decay than fish, and when kept too long out of water it may become not only distasteful, but exceedingly dangerous.—What-To-Eat, the Pure Food Magazine.

ALMOST A MIRACLE.

Raised Up When Science Said There Was No Hope.

G. W. L. Nesbitt, Depot Street, Marion, Ky., writes: "I was a chronic invalid with kidney troubles and often wished death might end my awful sufferings. The secretions were thick with sediment, my limbs swollen, and my right side so nearly paralyzed I could not raise my hand above my head. The doctor held out no hope of my recovery and I had given up, but at last started using Doan's Kidney Pills and made a rapid gain. After three months use I was well and at work again."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Lieutenant-General Baden-Powell, speaking at a meeting, in London, in connection with a crusade against cigarette smoking, said that £15,000,000 (\$75,000,000) a year was spent in cigarettes. He thought this could be easily saved. N. Y.—19

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
\$3.00 SHOES AT ALL PRICES, FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY.
MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN.
W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, because they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other shoes in the world to-day.
W. L. Douglas \$4 and \$5 Gilt Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equalled At Any Price.
CAUTION: W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Illustrated Catalog free to any address.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

FIFTEEN YEARS OF SUFFERING.

Burning, Painful Sores on Legs—Tortured Day and Night—Tried Many Remedies to No Avail—Used Cuticura; Is Well Again.

"After an attack of rheumatism, running sores broke out on my husband's legs; from below the knees to the ankles. There are no words to tell all the discomfort and great suffering he had to endure night and day. He used every kind of remedy and three physicians treated him, one after the other, without any good results whatever. One day I ordered some Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, and Cuticura Resolvent. He began to use them and in three weeks all the sores were dried up. The burning fire stopped, and the pains became bearable. After three months he was quite well. I can prove this testimonial at any time. Mrs. V. V. Albert, Upper Frenchville, Me., July 21, 1907."

Knew It at Once.

The Peoria Herald-Transcript informs us that "when the national anthem was played" at the Washington birthday celebration "the big audience instantly recognized it." You can't fool those Peorians; they're quick as lightning.—Chicago Evening Post.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WARD, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Cut Out the Girls.

The telephones have been taken out of the naval academy at Annapolis because too many girls called up the middies and took up too much time.

GARFIELD

Digestive Tablets.

From your druggist, or the Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y., 25c. per bottle. Samples upon request.

Every year there are 500 deaths from destitution in Great Britain.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

Germany sends 20,000,000 feathers a year to England for millinery uses.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

Rats are an alarming nuisance in England.

**MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN.**
A Certain Cure for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. They Break up Colds in 24 hours. At all Druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address: A. S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N. Y.

**Paxtine TOILET ANTISEPTIC**
Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy germ-life and disagreeable odors, which water, soap and tooth preparations alone cannot do. A germicidal, disinfecting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid.
Large Trial Sample
WITH "HEALTH AND BEAUTY" BOOK SENT FREE
THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

ENERGETIC WORKERS, male and female, make \$10 to \$50 weekly taking orders for large textile manufacturer, making indispensable, patented household articles, used daily by everybody; exclusive territory, no competition; previous experience unnecessary. Write today for full particulars. UNITED MANUFACTURING CO., 10th and Susq., Philadelphia.

SALESMAN—Regular or side line—Not necessarily experienced. No samples. Salary and liberal commissions. House established forty years. Address Dept. E, THE GEORGE W. LORD COMPANY, Philadelphia, Pa.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials & 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. R. GREEN'S SONS, Box 5, Atlanta, Ga.

NATURE AND A WOMAN'S WORK



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

Nature and a woman's work combined have produced the grandest remedy for woman's ills that the world has ever known.

In the good old-fashioned days of our grandmothers they relied upon the roots and herbs of the field to cure disease and mitigate suffering.

The Indians on our Western Plains to-day can produce roots and herbs for every ailment, and cure diseases that baffle the most skilled physicians who have spent years in the study of drugs.

From the roots and herbs of the field Lydia E. Pinkham more than thirty years ago gave to the women of the world a remedy for their peculiar ills, more potent and efficacious than any combination of drugs.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is now recognized as the standard remedy for woman's ills.

Mrs. Bertha Muff, of 515 N.C. St., Louisiana, Mo., writes:

"Complete restoration to health means so much to me that for the sake of other suffering women I am willing to make my troubles public.

"For twelve years I had been suffering with the worst forms of female ills. During that time I had eleven different physicians without help. No tongue can tell what I suffered, and at times I could hardly walk. About two years ago I wrote Mrs. Pinkham for advice. I followed it, and can truly say that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Mrs. Pinkham's advice restored health and strength. It is worth mountains of gold to suffering women."

What Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for Mrs. Muff, it will do for other suffering women.

BABY'S Favourite

**Cuticura SOAP**
MEDICINAL TOILET SOAP
Cures itching, eruptions, and all skin diseases. Keeps the skin soft and smooth. For the face, neck, and hands. For the hair, it keeps it from falling out. For the feet, it keeps them from cracking. For the whole body, it keeps it in perfect health.

Skin Soap

Warm baths with Cuticura Soap followed, when necessary, by gentle anointings with Cuticura, the great Skin Cure, preserve, purify and beautify the skin, scalp, hair and hands of infants and children, relieve eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations and chafings, permit rest and sleep and point to a speedy removal of torturing, disfiguring humours when all else fails.

May be used from the hour of birth. Sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5, Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney; India, B. K. Paul, Calcutta; China, Hong Kong Drug Co.; Japan, Maruya, Ltd., Tokyo; Russia, Ferrein, Moscow; So. Africa, Lennox, Ltd., Cape Town, etc.; U.S.A., Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. Post Free, Cuticura Booklet on the Skin.

WIDOWS' NEW LAW obtained by JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c. package colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DYE CO., Quincy, Illinois.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, Editor and Owner.
L. L. PARKER, Publisher.

THE ITEM WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY
WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES
IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....\$1.00
SIX MONTHS......50
THREE MONTHS......25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton
Depot, Pa., as second-class matter.

BEECH RUN.

Archie Dell was a recent visitor up the Shaffer's Creek valley.

Prospects are flattering for an abundant fruit crop in this section.

Isaac Miller and two sons, of Juniata, were recent visitors here.

Ada Querry was taken suddenly ill on Sabbath evening but is now much better.

Rev. Roy X. Wilson will preach at Sherman school house Saturday evening next.

Ruben Chilcote, of Smith valley, was a welcome caller in this locality the past week.

Miles Miller and son, Edward, sojourned with friends at Lewistown on Saturday last.

Beech Run Sunday school has been re-organized and starts off on a jump. May the present interest not lag.

Frank Dell on Saturday last took his departure for McAleey's Fort, where he will attend a session of high school. We wish for the lad a successful term.

The swallows made their appearance in this latitude on Friday last. They are classed as a truthful bird, but the present weather does not corroborate their truthfulness.

Forty lawful trout from the headwaters of Trough creek is not so slow. Talk about sport, we are now dreaming of another cool trout stream. It's all in the way you bait your hook.

KNIGHTSVILLE.

May 4th and snow on Broad Top.

Farmers are plowing ground for corn.

J. M. Drake and wife visited friends in Trough Creek last week.

Miss Edith Stever visited her sister, Mrs. Scott Drake, on Sunday.

Wheat is looking fine—bids fair for an abundant crop, which will certainly be appreciated.

The prospect for fruit of all kinds is flattering, and it has escaped freezing up to this date.

Lumbering seems to be on the drag, and very little of it being done except extract wood.

Mrs. Mary Curfman, of Saltillo, was a Sunday caller with her brother, J. M. Drake, and family.

Quite a number of persons from a distance visited Saltillo on Saturday to consult Dr. Emerick, of Hickory Corner.

D. F. Crottsley is making some repairs around his dwelling which when completed will add to the appearance as well as the comfort of his home.

Some petty thieving is still going on in this town, chickens, meat, coal, corn, potatoes, etc., and it is predicted that some fellow will receive a load of shot in his carcass if it is not stopped, and that pretty shortly. Several parties are prepared for the sneak. He had better take warning before it is too late.

TROUGH CREEK.

Bad weather is keeping our farmers back as much if not more than last spring.

Levi Schnopps has purchased the S. L. Smith farm and will move to it this week.

Mrs. J. C. Wright on Sunday visited her sister, Mrs. Anna Gosnell, who is quite ill.

W. L. Swope is slowly recovering from a severe abscess on his arm. Mr. Swope has been afflicted since the first of March and is not yet able to work.

The Epworth League at Calvin has been reorganized and is in a first class working condition. Everybody invited to attend services at 7:30 every Sunday evening.

The New Methodist church at Hawn's that has been erected on the foundation of the one that was burned on the Fourth of July, 1907, will be dedicated next Sunday, May 10th. Everyone is cordially invited.

LATTA GROVE.

D. H. Walker took in the sights at the county seat on Saturday.

G. B. Querry and family, of Querrytown, Sundayed at J. H. Stever's.

Mrs. Garfield Beale, of Langdonale, is visiting relatives and friends here.

County Superintendent J. G. Dell passed through our village on Saturday.

Mr. Jesse Park, of Williamsburg spent Saturday and Sunday with his uncle M. A. Bowman.

Some of our young folks attended Epworth League at Cornelius Chapel on Sunday night.

A Pomona Grange will be held at Latta Grove May 27 and 28. The Patrons of No. 935 are putting forth an effort to make it a success.

What's Wrong with Huston?

He is FULL again

Full of bargaining and he wants to sober up by unloading these bargains in the homes of people who want to save money. Our new Spring goods are nearly all here, and the prices are new too. When we say we can save you money we know we can do it, for we found many goods lower than they have been for several years.

Dry Goods

Every woman in the land will welcome the good news that muslins, lawns, gingham and calicoes are lower. We quote you a few of our prices:

Toweling..... 3c yard
Unbleached Muslin..... 6c last year 8c "
" " 8c " " 10c "
Bleached Muslin..... 6c " " 8c "
" " 8c " " 10c "
" " 9c " " 12c "
Calico as low as 4c yd. Lancaster apron gingham 7c yd.

Groceries

You may not be able to get as many of Uncle Sam's dollars this year as last but you won't need as many if you trade here.

4 lb 8c prunes for 25c. 5 lb nice rice for 25c.
Lima beans 7c lb. Oyster crackers 6c lb.
Granulated sugar 5c lb—not over 100 lbs to a customer.
Nice large fish 50 pail. Fish by the pound 5c lb.
Oil by the gallon 12c
Orbisonia flour..... \$1.20 per sack
Loose coffee..... 10c pound

SHOES

Shoes have been too high but we secured big bargains in this line, and it will pay you to look at our before buying. Boys' Satin Calf shoes \$1.10, were \$1.30; Boys' "Will Wear" shoes \$1.40, were \$1.75; Men's Buckle Plow shoes \$1.25, were \$1.50; Men's Lace Plow shoes \$1.25, were \$1.50; Men's "Never Fail" shoes only \$1.25 a pair; Childrens' shoes run 10 to 25 cents a pair lower than last year. Our "Worthmore" shoe for women is well named, as they are worth more than \$1.30, the price we are offering this elegant dress shoe for. This will be a great Oxford season if we can judge by the way they are selling already.

Clothing

How about a new stylish suit for yourself or for that boy of yours. We are prepared to fit you out at very low prices, in fact we can give you better values than ever before. Boys knee pants suits \$1.34 to \$4.50
Youths' long pants suits..... \$3.00 to \$8.00
Mens' Nobby suits..... \$3.50 to \$15.00
When you can buy a suit for \$3.50 like the one we offer, you should be ashamed to wear the old one any longer.

Miscellaneous

Table Oil Cloth..... 6c yard
Window Shades..... 9c each
Oil Window Shades 25c, worth 30c
Ingrain Carpet 36c and 40c yard
Good Rag Carpet..... 50c yard
Linoleum..... 45c sq. yard
Wall Paper 4c single bolt
Matting 12, 15, 17 and 25c yard

Yours for Business

Harry E. Huston

SALTILLO, PA.

Resolutions of Respect.

At a regular meeting of Mapleton Lodge, No. 468, I. O. O. F., held Saturday evening, May 2, 1908, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, By a dispensation of an all-wise Providence, which we cannot fathom nor comprehend, the death angel has again invaded our Order and summoned therefrom Past Grand George Dorsey Wood almost in the act of performing his official and fraternal duties, he having been stricken in the Lodge room at 8.50 o'clock, Saturday evening, April 25, 1908, from the effects of which he died at 11.05 o'clock the same evening, and

WHEREAS, Brother Wood, a charter member of this Lodge, having been admitted by card from Anghwick Lodge, No. 477, I. O. O. F., of Newton Hamilton, at the time of the institution of Mapleton Lodge No. 468, I. O. O. F. July 4, 1887, was devoted to the principles and work of Odd Fellowship and gave of his time and means for the advancement of the Order, it is fitting that due minute be made of his demise. Therefore be it

RESOLVED, That we commend Bro. Wood's virtues, his large-heartedness, his generous and helpful disposition and his devotion to the cause of Friendship, Love and Truth to the membership as worthy of emulation.

RESOLVED, That while we bow in submission to the Omnipotent Father, we hereby give expression to the fact that we have sustained a great loss, the community a useful man and his wife a devoted and affectionate husband.

RESOLVED, That we extend to the bereaved wife our heartfelt sympathy and commend her for sure consolation to Him who is too wise to err, too good to be unkind.

RESOLVED, That as a mark of respect to our deceased brother the charter of the Lodge be draped for a period of thirty days and that the members wear the usual badge of mourning for a like period.

RESOLVED, That these resolutions be entered upon the records of the Lodge, that a transcribed copy be given to the widow of our deceased brother and that they be published in THE MAPLETON ITEM.

HOWARD BARKLEY,
JOHN FOSTER,
EDW. McCARL,
Committee.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers are small, safe, sure and gentle little pills. Sold by Geo. W. Wright.

Prompt Payers.

The following subscriptions have been received at this office:

Isaiah A. Griffith	May 20, 1909
W. S. Shore	January 1, 1908
J. L. Stever	January 16, 1909
S. P. Stever	November 1, 1908
C. M. Pheasant	May 1, 1908
S. T. Smith	November 1, 1908
A. M. Parks	February 20, 1909
L. L. Swope	June 28, 1907
Mrs. Elizabeth Numer	July 1, 1908
J. E. Corbin	March 11, 1909
W. H. Greenland	April 17, 1909
S. C. Wagner	May 20, 1908
John Dougherty	April 1, 1909
Harry Schulman	October 29, 1908
Frank Yetter	December 20, 1905
E. E. Bell	July 1, 1907
Harry Dell	January 17, 1908
James Fry	March 15, 1909
Samuel Hatfield	April 24, 1909
M. L. Rex	April 29, 1909
I. S. Smith	January 1, 1908
Mrs. Adam Bagshaw	June 1, 1908

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between George W. Wright and Leonard M. Dell, doing business under the firm name of Wright & Dell, dealers in General Merchandise, Mapleton Depot, Pa., has this day been dissolved by mutual agreement, Leonard M. Dell retiring. George W. Wright will continue the business and the books and accounts of the firm will remain in his hands for settlement. GEORGE W. WRIGHT, LEONARD M. DELL. Mapleton Depot, Pa., April 23, 1908.

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

(Estate of G. Dorsey Wood, deceased.) Letters of Administration upon the estate of G. Dorsey Wood, late of Mapleton Borough, Huntingdon County, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned administratrix, by the Register of said County, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are required to make prompt payment, and persons having claims against the same will present them duly probated to HATTIE WOOD, Administratrix, Mapleton Depot, Pa. May 2, 1908. 6t

Receiver's Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned receiver of the Swope-Gayton Quarry Company will expose to sale on

Friday, May 8th, 1908,
At One O'clock P. M.

upon the premises in Brady township, on north side of river from Mapleton, in accordance with a decree of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county made on the 21st day of June, A. D., 1907, and a supplemental decree made March 3, 1908, all of the following described real estate of the Swope-Gayton Quarry Company.

Beginning at a stone heap, the common corner of lands of Swope, Kauffman, Gayton, Harbison-Walker Company and lands of the Pennsylvania Glass Sand Company; thence by lands of the Pennsylvania Glass Sand Company thirty-nine (39) degrees west forty-four (44) perches to a point where a sycamore stood (now an iron pin) on the eastern bank of the Pennsylvania Canal; thence along the eastern bank of the said canal to a point on the line of land of the Harbison-Walker Company, opposite the north-eastern abutment of the Mapleton bridge over the Juniata river; thence by lands of Harbison-Walker Company north nineteen (19) degrees thirty (30) minutes east sixty-two and eight-tenths (62.8) perches to stones; thence by same north four (4) degrees twenty (20) minutes east thirty-one and three-tenths (31.3) perches to the place of beginning.

Containing Eight Acres,
more or less, together with
All Machinery and Fixtures

belonging to the manufacturing plant and all the rights and franchises, of the said corporation.

The real estate above described containing large quantities of cement rock, which the said Swope-Gayton Quarry Company have been using for the manufacture of cement blocks for building purposes and also manufacturing from stone upon said lands ballast for railroad purposes.

The plant is located near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and has a side track to the works.

TERMS OF SALE—10 per cent of the pur-

chase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, 40 per cent, when the sale is confirmed by the Court and deed delivered, and the remaining 50 per cent, to be paid in one year thereafter with interest to be secured by bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

Leave is granted the receiver by the Court to accept in cash all the purchase money if the purchaser or purchasers thereof desire to pay the entire purchase money in cash. According to the decree of the Court the sale of this property will be made discharged of all liens and incumbrances, so that the purchaser thereof will take a good title thereto.

H. H. Waite, B. F. GODARD,
Attorney. Receiver.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL

MAY TERM, 1908.

First Week, Second Monday, 11th Day.

The Samuel Ach Co. vs. D. R. P. Enyeart.
L. M. Neveus vs. Lewis E. Port.
L. M. Neveus vs. Lewis E. Port.
L. M. Neveus vs. Lewis E. Port.
Ontario Drill Company vs. Cloyd Cummins.
George L. Smith vs. Ross W. Quarry. James D. Quarry.
J. E. Wier vs. E. C. Fritchey.
J. E. Wier vs. E. C. Fritchey.
James M. Thompson vs. Dr. J. F. Trexler, John L. Trexler, and H. P. Reynolds, lately trading and doing business as Trexler Bros. & Co.
J. D. Humes vs. Dr. J. F. Trexler, J. L. Trexler, and H. P. Reynolds, lately trading and doing business as Trexler Bros. & Co.
F. L. Wallace vs. Dr. J. F. Trexler, J. L. Trexler, and H. P. Reynolds, lately trading and doing business as Trexler Bros. & Co.
International Text Book Co. vs. J. C. Laird.
Lewis Hostetter vs. C. H. Speck.
Dr. Jos. Hanes Remedy Co. vs. Juniata Lumber Co.

H. J. McAteer vs. L. E. Port.

Adam Stouffer vs. Theodore Jackson.

Second Week, Third Monday, 18th Day.

John F. Trexler and John Trexler vs. J. Murray Africa and John Edleblute.
Henry Kyper and A. S. Welch vs. W. T. Shaffer.
Henry Shue and James King.
J. F. Trexler and J. L. Trexler vs. H. P. Reynolds.
H. P. Reynolds vs. J. F. Trexler and J. L. Trexler trading and doing business as Trexler Bros. & Co.
Dick N. Moore doing business as The Columbus Food Co vs John M. Bush.
A. D. Potts vs. Clark Grazer.
Andrew Forsey vs. E. P. Gates.
William Arnd vs. E. P. Shade.
Reuben Rudy vs. James L. Keller.
John W. Kean vs. D. Cameron Park.
Martha Bell Vaughn vs. Salina S. Book.
Jesse Chilcott vs. Juniata Light and Power Co., and The Wilson Electric Co.
J. C. Mierley vs. Juniata Light and Power Co., and The Wilson Electric Co.
Charles A. Vuille vs. The Penna. Railroad Co.
R. W. Jacobs vs. H. Clay Chisolm.
T. G. Crownover vs. John S. White and E. F. Spencer trading and doing business as White and Spencer.
Geo. W. Bales vs. Mrs. Callie Dysart, Samuel Smiley and William Lytle.
J. G. Boyer and S. H. Boyer, for use of Chas. H. Boyer, vs. C. Hassen Boyer.
George S. Grove vs. Huntingdon & B. T. Mountain Railroad and Coal Co.
Sarah J. Green vs. Geo. W. Taylor.
Eliza H. Green vs. Geo. W. Simpson.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., April 6, 1908.

UNION NATIONAL BANK OF HUNTINGDON.

Cor. 5th and Penn Sts.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President
J. C. HAZLETT, Vice President.
R. J. MATTERN, Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
K. A. Lovell, J. C. Hazlett, John White, R. J. Mattern, Thomas E. Africa, John Langdon and J. F. Schock.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.
Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

MOUNT UNION, PA.

Officers

A. B. Gillam, President.
T. A. Appleby, Vice President.
G. B. M. Kepler, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
A. B. Gillam, T. A. Appleby, C. B. Bush, M. D., Frank O'Connor, C. B. Crum, R. B. Campbell, W. G. Ewing, M. W. Isenberg, W. J. Campbell, M. D.

Household individual banks furnished on application.

A general banking business done. Interest allowed on time deposits.

Drafts issued on the principal commercial cities.

Absolute safety of investment and courteous treatment of patrons are assured to the public, whose patronage is respectfully invited.

WANTED—2,000 Cords Paper wood. I will pay the highest cash market price for all kinds of paper wood delivered on wharf at Mapleton also extract wood, Rock Oak and Chestnut. Prompt cash, payment as fast as wood is loaded, F. O. B. cars here. For further information, please write me.
B. F. Baker.
Mapleton Depot, April 15, 1907. 4t

County Christian Endeavor Convention.
The Huntingdon County Christian Endeavor Convention will be held in the Presbyterian church, of Mount Union, on Thursday and Friday, May 28th and 29th. This Convention promises to be an interesting and helpful one, and all the societies of the county are urged to co-operate, and send at least two delegates. The State Secretary, A. J. Startle will be present and make an address. Other prominent speakers will be present and various subjects along the lines of better Endeavor work will be discussed. Let there be no hesitancy on the part of endeavor workers to take an active part in this portion of the work. Do not forget the time, May 28th and 29th.
CHAS. H. WELCH, Pres.,
Mount Union, Pa.

Part of Middle Division Main Line to be Used to Store Cars.

With a view of increasing the storage track capacity on the Middle division of the Pennsylvania Railroad it is announced that the north or westward main track from GQ block station at Petersburg, to crossing switches just east of Franklin Forge, will be used as a running track, taking effect at noon on Monday. The track between these points will be used for the purpose of storing idle cars.

The other track will be maintained as a running track, but used as a single track and operated under the single track rules. The following passing sidings between these two points will be available: Eastward passing siding at GQ and AF, and Carlin passing sidings from the west end of the middle switches.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED, DOCKED TIES—Will pay 20c each for sound ties that have been docked. H. O. Andrew, Mapleton Depot, Pa.
March 16th 4t.

FOR SALE—Hemlock fence pickets, 3 feet long, in hundred lots or less. L. L. Parker, Mapleton.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, one first class work mule; one wagon, 3½ steel skains; one wagon, 3½ metal skain; lot docked locust ties suitable for first class gate or fence posts. For further particulars inquire of K. W. MIERLEY, R. F. D. Mapleton Depot Pa.

Have You Got a Flag for Decoration Day and Fourth of July.

Our flag now contains forty-six stars, a new State being admitted to the Union, and everybody needs a new flag. You can get one, a fine hand-sewed, fast colors, forty-six stars, with THE PHILADELPHIA PRESS, daily, one year, both for \$3.50. The flag alone is worth \$2.00. By special arrangement direct with the manufacturer, THE PRESS has secured a limited number of these flags and offers them to its subscribers at this exceptional low price. Send a check for \$3.50 to THE PHILADELPHIA PRESS, Circulation Department, Seventh and Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, and get both flag and the great metropolitan newspaper. Or, hand your order to your postmaster or news-dealer.

Mr. John Riha, of Vining, Ia., says "I have been selling DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills for about a year and they give better satisfaction than any pill I ever sold. There are a dozen people here who have used them and they give perfect satisfaction in every case. I have used them myself with fine results." Sold by Geo. W. Wright.

Central Banking Co.

MOUNT UNION, PA.

T. H. ADAMS, President
W. T. BELL, Cashier.

Discount Day—Wednesday

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Myron McClain,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER,
CASSVILLE, PA.

Caskets always in stock for Personal selection. Charges reasonable. Prompt, efficient service. Phone—Coles Valley, Eagle Foundry, People's and Saltillo lines.

Wm. T. Webb,
CARPENTER & BUILDER
MAPLETON DEPOT, PA.

Blueprints and specifications. Jobbing promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable.

D. ROY E. BLACK,
DENTIST.
621 Washington Street
Huntingdon, Pa.

All branches of the profession given careful attention. Telephone connection. 2-7-06

A. W. SPOWE
—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—
All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.
Office on Main street.

W. H. WOODS, JAMES S. WOODS,
Notary Public

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON PA.

S. P. STUBBS,
—CARPET WEAVER.—

and dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.

Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

WM. REED & SONS, HUNTINGDON, PA.

Store closes evenings at 8 o'clock; Saturdays at 9.

Summer's Influence

is appearing all over the store now. Day by day for many weeks the change has been going on until now the whole store is filled with beautiful things for the coming season. There is so much we could talk of that we must just go through the stocks and pick out a few things here and there. To know the store, you must come often and look about. You will always find something new and interesting.

SOME HANDSOME TUB JACKET SUITS,

by far the most beautiful we have ever had, have just come in. They are in White, Solid Color and Fancy Striped effects, splendidly tailored and right up to the minute in style. Prices are \$5.00, \$7.50, \$8.00 and \$10.00. Ask to see them!

THAT SPECIAL SALE OF SAMPLE WAISTS

at a reduction of one-third is nearly over. It does not take much talking to sell such merchandise at such prices. Still a few of them here.

SPRING WEDDINGS will call for the selection of gifts before long. When you have a gift to buy, think first of our splendid stock of China, Cut Glass, Lamps, etc. The choosing will be easy.

Wm. Reed & Sons,
Huntingdon, Pa.

L. W. ZERBY, Jeweler,



SOLID GOLD RINGS.



Penn St., HUNTINGDON, PA.



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Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANESTHETICS administered.

Telephone connection 8-1-60-1f

Pocket Ledgers 5c to 25c each at the Item Stationery Department

Special Doings in Hats, Ladies', Gents' AND BOYS CLOTHING AT CROWNOVER & ISENBERG'S,

HEADQUARTERS FOR GENERAL MERCHANDISE, SALTILLO, PA.

In clothing for men, Youths and Boys our line is complete and up to date in every particular. In fine Blue Serges you cannot afford to miss seeing these goods before you buy; the prices are away down. They are exceptional values. We have 'em \$10 to \$12. See our newest styles of Gents' woven stripes and plaids. The price is \$12. These are the newest designs the market can afford and the price is from \$5 to \$7 cheaper than you can buy them in a larger town. In Youths' and Boys' clothing we have them in all styles and prices that will surprise the most critical buyers. They are as low as good goods and workmanship will permit them. If you cannot be suited in stock we can have you measured and suit made to order and back to you in four days and at about the same price as you buy them out of stock. This is progress in the clothing Business.

A Few Words About Hats

This is practically a new line to us and we have tried to get you the best at prices as low as the cheapest. In stiff hats we have the newest blocks shown on the market the prices are \$1.50 to \$2.50 each. In caps we have them for Gents' Youths and Boys; prices 10c to 50c each.

In straw hats we have a full line; prices 5c to \$1.50. This line is very complete. See the 10c and 25c bargain counters in straw hats, caps and felt hats. Third floor.

Ladies Skirts and Waists

IN LADIES SKIRTS our line is complete. We have them from \$1.25 to \$8.00. IN LADIES WAISTS our lines are in good shape prices from 50c to \$3.48. We have them in silk, net covered silk and lawns. Come in and see them. Second floor front.

Spring and Summer Footwear.

In shoes our Spring lines are about complete. Spring and Summer oxfords are about all in stock and come up to our expectations in every particular. All prices.

In DRY GOODS, NOTIONS and GROCERIES space will not permit us to numerate all the specials in these lines but we urge you to call and see for yourself and be convinced that we are headquarters for General Mdse.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

CROWNOVER & ISENBERG,
Salttillo, Huntingdon County, Penna.

Kodol

FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.
RELIEVES SOUR STOMACH, BELCHING, ETC.

Guaranteed To Give Satisfaction or Your Money Back.

If, after using two-thirds of a \$1.00 bottle of Kodol, you can honestly say it has not benefited you, we will refund your money. Try Kodol today, on this guarantee. Fill out and sign the following, present it to the dealer at the time of purchase. If it fails to satisfy you, return the bottle containing one-third of the medicine to the dealer from whom you bought it, and we will refund your money.

Town _____ State _____
Sign here _____
CUT THIS OUT
E. C. DEWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.
SOLD BY WRIGHT & DELL.

THE CHOICEST CIGARS AND TOBACCO

On the market are the kinds from which our stock is selected. The following 5-cent brands speak for themselves: Dundreary, Buck, Square Deal, Wild Indian and Happy Sam. The well-known "El Galleo" brands of 10c. and 25c. cigars in stock. Popular and select brands of chewing and smoking tobacco. For pipe or cigarette smoke Continental Cubes, Tuxedo and Old English Curve Cut.

McCorkle's - - Pool - - Parlor

Basement Floor, S. E. Corner Wright Building - - Mapleton, Penna.



An Authoress Who Hated Water.

Mme. D'Arbly, better known as Fanny Burnell, who took such an important place in the literature of the 18th century, had an extraordinary and most undesirable peculiarity—she had the greatest aversion to washing and water. Sir Henry Holland was a physician who attended the gifted authoress during the last year of her life and she confided to him that she had not washed for 15 years.—New York World.

Italy's Queen.

Queen Elena not appreciated as she should have been at first by the Romans, is now very popular. She is a sensible woman, having been brought up in an unostentatious way in her mountain home of Montenegro, and though possessed of few accomplishments, yet entertains definite ideas of her own—more particularly on the rights and wrongs of women. A part of each day she herself devotes to bodily exercises, gymnastics, riding, hill climbing and shooting. The queen's beautiful character is reflected in her charming face.—Woman.

Be Genuine.

There is nothing more beautiful in a young girl, says an exchange, than simplicity of character. It is honest frank and attractive. How different is affectation! The simple minded are always natural; they are at the same time original. The affected are never natural. As for originality, if they ever had it, they had crushed it out and buried it from sight utterly. Be yourself. To attempt to be anybody else is worse than folly. It is impossible to attain it. It is contemptible to try it. A genuine cent is worth more than a counterfeit dollar, and the smallest person who is real is worth more than the biggest fraud in existence. Let the fabric of your character, though ever so humble, be at least real.—New Haven Register.

White House Baby Now a Bud.

As she was a "White House baby," in the sense that she lived there when her grandfather was President, Miss Mary Lodge McKee attracts as much attention now as any of the "buds" in Washington society. Many persons still recall that her infantile ailments disturbed the nation. Once she and her cousin, Martha Harrison, caused the executive mansion to be put under quarantine for the first time. The public discontent about that proceeding resulted eventually in the building of that architectural monstrosity, in what may be called the Power House Renaissance style, that now serves as an office for the president. Miss McKee is attractive looking, and may take front rank among the belles. Her mother, Mrs. Robert James McKee, has made annual visits to the capital ever since her father retired from the chief magistracy. Miss McKee is taller than the average, even in her family of lofty women, and affects a classic style of dressing. Her debut gown was a Greek robe of point d'esprit.—New York Press.

Depths in Woman's Eyes.

Long and steadfastly he looked into her eyes. She returned his gaze steadily and without winking. For a minute neither spoke. Then she broke the silence:

"You think it is—" she hesitated. He gazed into her eyes again—those great, heavenly blue eyes.

"I did not want you to understand—" he began.

She interrupted him with some impatience. "Can we not understand each other?" she cried. "The suspense of it all is wearing me out. Do you wish me to believe—"

He broke in upon her. "It is not what I wish you to believe," he said, gently. "It is what you must know. I have determined—"

She covered her face with her hands as if preparing herself for the worst. But she was a woman—a proud, imperious woman. She would show him that she could suffer and make no sign. She rose from her chair.

"Well?" she demanded. "It is only a little granulation," he continued. "Nothing serious whatever. I will give you a prescription. The charge will be \$10."

For had he not looked long and steadily into her eyes?—New York Times.

Kindly Old Childless Couple.

Delightful surprises happen even in Chicago now and then. Through the interest aroused in the hearts of a childless old couple by a young orphan girl, the Illinois Children's Home and Aid society has been enriched by a gift of \$70,000. By this gift the long delayed dream of an industrial home for orphan girls has become a reality and the resources of the society are doubled. Four years ago A. B. Judy, a Chicagoan, was using near

inac, Ill., and his wife adopted a little orphan girl from one of the receiving homes of the society. Through their interest in their adopted daughter they were led to study juvenile charitable societies, and Mr. Judy conceived the project of building a memorial school for orphans. Further, Mr. Judy proposes to give to the society 400 acres of choice farming land, valued at \$150 an acre, himself and wife to retain a life interest in the land, except ten acres which, with a beautiful grove of hardwood timber, is to go with the building to the society. The income to the land is to form the endowment fund for maintenance of the school. The contract for the transfer has been completed and today the property which the society holds virtually amounts to \$140,000, as against \$70,000 yesterday and \$10,000 ten years ago. The new home is midway between Potomac and Ellis, Ill.—New York Press.

Nan Lay Sent Back.

Poor little Nan Lay! The Chinese exclusion act has found her out, and, sorely against her will, she is to be taken away from the Montana town she has learned to consider home, and sent back to the China she cannot even remember.

Nan Lay is a young Chinese woman whose parents sold her when she was a child of seven. Perhaps no human being is so much the sport of circumstances as a Chinese baby girl whose parents care more for money than for her. Nan Lay's father and mother, Hong Kong people, sold her to a Chinaman who made a business of buying little girls. He brought her to San Francisco. Four times before she was 14 did she pass into the hands of a new master. The last one, a Chinaman, took her to Montana, where for six years she lived as his wife. But all this time Nan Lay was learning the white man's ways. She became a Christian and she secured a divorce from her husband.

After that Nan Lay devoted herself to missionary work among her country women, becoming a great favorite with the people of the Presbyterian church in the town of Bozeman, where she lives. This was not to last, however. An official of the immigration service discovered that she did not have the necessary certificate entitling her to be in this country. Nan Lay was arrested. The business men of Bozeman raised money to fight the case, but the courts decided that she must go.

It is a hard blow to Nan Lay, who will be a stranger in a strange land. In this country she can make her living as a housemaid or a seamstress, but in China Chinese maid servants are not popular. And the Chinese law does not recognize the rights of women.

In Hong Kong, it is true, she will be under the protection of the British authorities, but should she go outside of that jurisdiction she could be forced into any life, no matter how degrading. But the Presbyterians of Bozeman have written the Presbyterian missionaries of Hong Kong, asking them to look after Nan Lay, and she may become a missionary worker there. That, however, does not console Nan Lay, who is in such grief at leaving the only life she has ever known that the United States marshal, who has her in charge, is afraid that she will attempt suicide.—New York Tribune.

Fashion Notes.

Armenian laces for the decoration of linen coats are new.

The panel shaped sides of the coat and the shoulders end in tassels.

For the tailor-finished suit a seven-eighth or full length arm covering will be demanded.

Not a little style is demanded of the wearer of many of the fancy coatees with their fantastic shapes.

Have you seen the coats of heavy lace strapped with linen and designed to be worn with linen skirts?

Have you noticed how many of the very newest skirts have all their trimming pushed to the lower edge?

If the wide tulle bow fluffs out a bit too much to suit one's face, try placing a double embroidered linen tab over it.

Satin-bordered lace stoles extending nearly to the foot of the gown are noted on a costume designed for weddings.

The milliner who can make a handsome bow and a great many different kinds, will be in favor with those in mourning.

There is not any too much goods in taffeta skirts, and they fit closely about the hips, clearly defining the figure of the wearer.

Strings of black velvet ribbon going about the stock and crossing and fastening at the front with flowing ends, give a smart touch to any lace stock.

One clear yellow flower amid the white wreath and wired cerise bows on a spring hat of black straw gives an unusual touch, but a pleasing one.

A touch of color, discretely disposed, brings about the most charming results; as for instance a narrow collar and cuffs of rich petunia velvet, male golden brown suit.

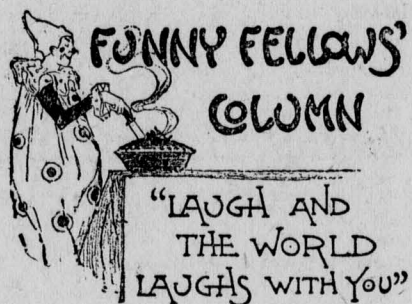
LOVELY WOMAN.

She got into a street car on a freezing winter day. She left the front door open—O! What did the people say! She bravely took a hammer, and she tried to drive a nail! The catastrophe that followed! Made everyone turn pale—Lovely woman!

She started to a party, just a half an hour late; At the door she asked her husband: "Have I got my hat on straight?" They got her in the court room, and they asked her: "What's your age?" Says she: "I'll own to twenty-five"—Now that was pretty sage—Lovely woman!

She bought an automobile veil, A hundred inches long; She'll have an automobile, when They're selling for a song. She worked and read and talked all day, As every woman ought; At midnight when her husband came, She told him what she thought—Lovely woman!

She's not at all athletic, as You've often heard her say, But she'd jump on the piano, if A mouse should come her way! Can she keep the men a-hustling? You Can simply bet your life! Still we wouldn't do without her, As sister, sweetheart, wife—Lovely woman! —Somerville Journal.



Hyker—"Bronson tells me he is taking mud baths now." Pyder—"Why, I thought he was out of politics."—Chicago Daily News.

Blobbs—"He's a harmless fool." Slobbs—"There isn't any such thing as a harmless fool." Blobbs—"This one is. He's dead."—Philadelphia Record.

Expert accountant—"Did you not keep a cash book?" Cashier—"No; the money went out so soon after it came in that we could not enter it."—Judge.

Grace—"So you have at last made up your mind to marry Jack?" Lola—"Yes, I'm tired of having him hang around the house every evening."—Chicago Daily News.

He—"If you refuse me I shall go out and hang myself to the lamp-post in front of your house." She—"Now, George, you know father said he wouldn't have you hanging around here."—Life.

Ascum—"How on earth did you ever get a messenger boy to deliver your note and bring back the answer so quick?" Wise—"I took his dime novel away from him and held it as security."—Philadelphia Press.

"This man combines the more sterling qualities of Beaconsfield and Pitt, lacking the faults of both!" "Who is he?" inquired the visitor in Plunkville. "Sim Piffle, stranger; our candidate for hog reeve."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Nell—"He doesn't know anything about the little niceties of paying attention to a girl." Belle—"Why, I saw him tying your shoestrings." Nell—"Yes; but he tied it in a double knot so it couldn't come untied again."—Philadelphia Record.

Miss Rattle—"Yes, that's a photo of my maiden aunt. Perhaps you saw her name in the papers last winter. She frightened away a burglar." Mrs. Winkler (closely inspecting the portrait)—"Did she? Well, I don't wonder at it."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Absentminded Wall Street Operator (at social function)—"Excuse me, madam, but your face seems rather familiar. Haven't I met you before?" Society Leader—"Oh, yes; I remember you very well. We met in the church the day we were married."—Baltimore American.

"Man," didactically began Professor Broadhead, "is the only animal that laughs." "Eh—yah!" broke the Venerable Grouch. "And that's b-cuz he is the only animal that owes money to another animal, and is therefore obliged to laugh whenever the latter animal gets off his favorite funny story."—Puck.

Immigration officials stopped the traveller at the dock and asked his business. "I am arrive in pursuance of my agreement to marry with Meese Flossy Goldtop," said the stranger. "Sunny France for you," replied the chief inquisitor. "Aliens under contract are barred. You'll find a nice detention pen at the left. Next!"—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

The Good Old Days.

The richest man in King Charles II's England could not get so good a dinner as tens of thousands will sit down to today. Cattle were of a far poorer breed, vegetables were few and bad, and the commonest conveniences of the table were unknown. Fish knives, for instance, are hardly considered an extravagant luxury, but Mr. Gladstone could remember when they were not to be found on any table.—London Telegraph.

The Salvation Army is operating in 54 countries and colonies.

SCORE DIE IN FIRE IN INDIANA HOTEL

Aveline, at Fort Wayne, Burned, With Great Loss of Life.

MANY THRILLING ESCAPES

Night Clerk Risks Life to Arouse Sleeping Guests and Saves Many —Brick Building Goes Up Like Tinder.

Fort Wayne, Ind.—Caught on the upper floors of the New Aveline Hotel, a six-story building more than fifty years old, when fire broke out in the hotel early in the morning, more than a score of persons were burned to death and thirteen others seriously hurt. The hotel was the largest in this city, and was known as the "New" Aveline because of two upper floors that were added to the old building several years ago.

Ten bodies have been taken out of the ruins, and it is believed that when the death list is completed it will be found that nearly thirty persons died in the flames. The hotel register was destroyed, so there is no way of determining the exact number of those who occupied rooms when the fire was discovered. Seven persons, however, have been reported as missing, and it is believed that most of these are dead. Chief of Police Anckenbruck said he believed that twenty bodies are still in the ruins.

The identified dead are: R. S. Johnson, Pana, Ill.; M. Hirsch, New York; J. B. Miller, Sheboygan, Wis.; J. E. Ellis, salesman for Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago; W. A. Pitcher, Fort Wayne, salesman for S. F. Boyser & Co., Fort Wayne; J. W. Devinney, Camden, N. J., salesman for Crawford & Lehman, Philadelphia.

The complete destruction of the interior of the hotel makes the work of recovering bodies a difficult task. A confused heap of charred wood, bricks and twisted girders is piled up between the walls higher than the second story. Some of the bodies taken out are charred beyond recognition. Infantry Company D and Battery B, of the National Guard, are on duty and aiding the fire and police forces to clear away the debris.

The fire was discovered at 3.30 in the morning in the elevator shaft by Night Clerk Ralph Hipkins. He rushed to the upper floors, alarming the guests, until the flames, which had spread with great rapidity, drove him back. His efforts, however, saved many lives. The hotel was erected half a century ago, and the interior woodwork was as dry as tinder. Within a few minutes from the time the fire was discovered the whole interior of the hotel was a mass of flames, and the only means of escape was by the windows.

The Fire Department rescued many with ladders, but some, frenzied by the rush of the flames, leaped from windows to the street.

R. S. Johnson, of Pana, Ill., jumped from the fifth story. His body struck a balcony and bounded far into the street. He was badly crushed, and died a short time later in St. Joseph's Hospital. E. M. Mathews, of Columbus, Ohio, jumped from a third-story window.

As the flames increased men and women were seen in the windows of their rooms pleading for help. Those who left their rooms before the flames cut off their retreat were able to make their way to the fire escapes and were saved with comparative ease.

There were many thrilling escapes. Claude H. Varnell, of the Fort Wayne baseball team; his sister, Mrs. John Hendricks, and John Hendricks, of Chicago, manager of the Fort Wayne team, barely escaped with their lives. Varnell lost all his personal belongings, valued at several thousand dollars.

Scores of men and women reached the ground with nothing on but night-clothes. None of the guests had time to save their effects. Dry goods and clothing stores were thrown open to all who needed apparel, and they were supplied without question.

SIX DEAD, MANY SAVED AT FIRE

Two Jumpers Miss the Life Net and Are Killed.

New York City.—One of those terribly swift fires that sometimes blot out the lives of crowded dwellers almost in their sleep swept from basement to roof of a four-story brick tenement at 17 Humboldt street, Williamsburg, at 2 o'clock a. m., and killed an entire family of five besides one other person. Fifty other folks jammed into the narrow apartments of the building looked at death from the narrowest margin of safety and escaped only by jumping into the nets of the firemen or by being swung from window ledge to window ledge high over the street.

Those who died were Mrs. Rose Abrams, a widow; her four children, Charles, Anna, Gussie and Sadie, and Mrs. Jennie Cohen, the mother of Assemblyman Sam Gluck, of Queens. All of these but Charles and Anna Abrams were burned where they fell after being suffocated by smoke. Charles and Anna jumped through the flames to the street and died from the injuries they received.

NEW YORK STATE NEWS

James H. Wallick a Suicide.

James H. Wallick, formerly a well known actor, shot and instantly killed himself in a bathroom at the Commercial Hotel, in Middletown. Illness and despondency over financial matters are believed to have caused the act. He had made and lost several fortunes in the theatrical business. At one time he owned Holly Rood Stock Farm, near Middletown. Just before taking his life he left letters addressed to Mrs. Eleanor Merion Cowper, of New York, author of "The Dairy Farm," and to William B. Royce, his attorney. He was sixty-nine years old. Wallick's real name was Patrick J. Fabbins, and his career as an actor began early in life. Many years ago, after a period of hard luck, during which he had been associated with the Sells Brothers Circus, Mr. Wallick conceived the idea of having the life of Jesse James, the outlaw, dramatized and produced the play under the name of "The Bandit King." Ford, the man who shot James, was one of the players in the company.

Receiver For Home Bank.

Superintendent of Banks Clark Williams, at Albany, made Bank Examiner George S. Leonard deputy superintendent to take charge of the Home Bank, of Brooklyn, under the new law giving the Superintendent complete control of insolvent banking institutions and avoiding extravagant receiverships. The Home Bank failed on February 1, when Superintendent Williams took charge. Under the old law he notified Attorney-General Jackson that the bank had closed, but the Attorney-General did not move for a receivership. Under another new law the application of the New York Produce Exchange Bank to establish a branch office in Manhattan was granted. Certificate of incorporation of the Commercial Safe Deposit Company, of New York, with a capital of \$100,000, was approved, and application of the Home Trust Company, of Brooklyn, to close its branch offices at 22 Vesey street, Manhattan, and at Hamburg and Myrtle avenues, Brooklyn, was granted.

Ice Houses Contaminated.

Zones of dangerous pollution in the waters of the Hudson and Mohawk Rivers, from which ice is harvested, are reported to exist in the vicinity of Albany, Troy, Schenectady and other places along the upper Hudson and lower Mohawk Valleys in a statement made public, at Albany, by the State Health Department. The report follows an investigation of the Hudson and Mohawk Rivers ice fields and the sources of ice pollution along the Hudson River, from Troy to Catskill, and along the Mohawk, from Schenectady to Cohoes. The report says there are forty-one ice houses in the neighborhoods, which are so situated with reference to sewage outlets as to render their ice subject to contamination, and, therefore, a menace to health. "The cutting of ice from these fields should be prohibited," it says.

S. A. R. Elect Officers.

At the session of the Sons of the American Revolution, in Buffalo, it was announced that 160 delegates registered, showing the attendance to be larger than that of any previous convention in the history of the organization. The present membership of the order is 11,493. There is \$8307.23 to the credit of the national society. Judge Henry Stockbridge, of Baltimore, was elected president, and George W. Bates, of Michigan; George R. Howe, of New Jersey; William J. Van Patten, of Vermont; John R. Webster, of Nebraska, and Dr. Clarkson N. Guyer, of Colorado, vice-presidents. A. Howard Clark, of Washington, was re-elected secretary general; Willard Secor, of Iowa, treasurer-general; Walter K. Watkins, of Massachusetts, historian-general, and the Rev. Dr. Frank O. Hall, of New York, chaplain-general.

Commends Son's Stand.

Joseph W. Kellogg, one of the signers of the resolution of protest against the request for the resignation of Dean William Kent, of the Lyman C. Smith College of Applied Science of Syracuse University, received a telegram from his father commending his course in signing the resolution. The telegram was as follows: "Joseph W. Kellogg, Sigma Chi Chapter, Syracuse, N. Y.: I would rather have your name attached to resolution than to read the Chancellor's signature on your diploma.—Dad." The Chancellor has demanded a withdrawal of the part of the resolution reflecting on the Faculty.

Damage to Resort Property.

Damage to Thousand Islands property by high water in the St. Lawrence River is estimated at from \$200,000 to \$500,000. Hardly a dock, boathouse or cottage built close to the water's edge escaped damage. Many islands were under water, notably one belonging to C. F. Rafferty, of Pittsburg, Pa., and another owned by C. M. English, of Brooklyn.

Renominate Malby.

At the Twenty-sixth District Congressional convention, held at Malone, George R. Malby was renominated for Congress. He and Wallace T. Foote, of Essex County, were chosen delegates to the Republican National Convention. They were uninstructed.

Old Officers Re-elected.

The State Council, Royal Arcanum, at Saratoga Springs, re-elected all the principal officers, including Edward Brecker, of New York City, as grand regent.